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ABSTRACT

This book provides a 1977-1978 composite state-by-state profile of higher education in states of the Southern Regional Education Board (SREB), an enlargement of information concerning the education of blacks, and a set of alternate college enrollment projections, most of the measures include elements for the nation, the 14-state region and each of the SRIE states. Selected statistics are provided on the following areas: population and economy, enrollment and institutions, enrollment projections, degrees, institutional finances, student finances, and faculty. Tables include the following information: per capita personal income, state and local tax revenues, number of postsecondary education. institutions by type and control, full-time-equivalent enrollment in public institutions, total enrollment by level, graduate enrollment, part-time enrollment, medical school enrollment, full-time black undergraduate enrollment in predominantly black institutions, total black enrollment by level, black enrollment by type of institution, projections of total enrollment to 1981 and 1986 assuming no change in participation rates and assuming continuation of past trends in participation rates, degrees awarded to black students and by sex, current funds revenues for public institutions, current funds expenditures, federal obligations to universities and colleges by agency. federal financial aid programs/amcunts allotted, state aid programs to students, and salaries of faculty. State agencies are listed and a bibliography is included. (SW)



FACT BOOK ON HIGHER EDUCATION IN THE SOUTH 1977 and 1978

EDUCATION BOARD

US DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH EDUCATION & WELFARE NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF EDUCATION :

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FACT BOOK ON HIGHER EDUCATION IN THE SOUTH 1977 and 1978

JAMES R. MINGLE

SOUTHERN REGIONAL EDUCATION BOARD

130 Sixth Street N.W. / Atlanta, Georgia 30313 / 1978 \$3.00



FOREWORD

The Southern Regional Education Board has published face books on higher education in the South since 1956—for the past ten years on a regular biennial basis. Mounting interest in these kinds of publications in recent years suggests that support for decisions about higher education is sought increasingly in factual information. In response to various requests, the 1977-78 edition of the Fact Book on Higher Education in the South includes three features to which attention is called: (a) a composite state-by-state profile of higher education, (b) an enlargement of information concerning education of blacks, and (c) a set of alternate college enrollment projections.

The state-by-state profiles (pp. 1-8) present for each state several summarizing measures of higher educational characteristics and display these measures so they may be viewed réadily with those of other states. Readers are also referred to the accompanying notes which provide definitions of the measures used and cautionary remarks about their limitations.

Tables 14, 15, 16, 24, 26, 28 and 30, providing racial breakdowns of higher educational information, are meant to facilitate an understanding of the extent to which the SREB states are progressing in the provision of greater educational opportunity for blacks.

Alternate enrollment projections based on varying assumptions about the future are becoming recognized as increasingly necessary for the evaluation of needs in a period when changes over the long term will be much less constant than those of the last decade. The three alternatives presented (Tables 18, 19 and 20) emphasize how important the level of participation by the college-age population is in determining future enrollment and possible annual fluctuations.

As always, SRÉB staff solicit suggestions and comments about the presentation of these data.

WINFRED L. GODWIN President



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SREB STATE PROFILES 1977-1978

The state profiles which follow present data, summary statistics and indexes to highlight some of the major characteristics of SREB states and their higher education structure. Most of the measures include elements for the nation, the 14-state region and each of the SREB states. Divided into four sections—Population and Economy; Higher Education Finance; Enrollment; and Access and Participation—these profiles repeat some of the measures presented in the Fact Book tables and add additional ones. As with all descriptive statistics, they represent an effort to simplify complex structures into easily comparable summary measures. While the accuracy and comparability of higher education data has improved in recent years, definitional problems persist. The indexes presented should be used as general comparative measures, rather than exact expressions of a state's standing. More important, no one measure should be singled out without examining other related measures. For sources and caveats on use refer to both the related Fact Book table and the notes which follow.

Continued on p. 6



SREB STATE PROFILES 1977 and 1978

, 				·			r		
-	•	POP	ULATION AN	VD EC	ONOMY •				
	Popu	lation	Personal In	come	State-Local	Government	1		tate Operationa
1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				•		•		
		Percent		• .		Tax Revenue per \$1000	Percent		Per FTE Student Public Doctora
	Total (000's) 1977 (1)	Metro- politan 1974 (2)	Capita of	ercent f U.S. 1976 (4)	Expenditures Per Capita 1975-76 (5)	Personal Income 1975-76 (6)	of State Taxes 1975-76 (7)	Per Capita 1977-78 (8)	Institutions 1977-78 (9)
United States SREB States	216,332 65,765	73 % 64		00% 90	\$1,190 997	\$120 105	14% 16	\$ 71 70	\$2,273
Alabama Arkansas Florida	3,690 2,144 8,452	62 38 `84	4,934	80 77 94	928 862 1,006	96 94 99	22 14 14	7 ₩59 \$\$	
Georgia Kentucky Louisiana Maryland	5,048 3,458 3,921 4,139	*56 47 63 85	5,379 5,405	87 84 84 08	971 937 1,113 1,346	104 107 120 121	14 12 12 11	8 60 8 66 8 64	1,532
Mississippi North Carolina South Carolina	2,389 5,525 2,876	26 45 48	5,453)	71 85 80	962 926 966	114 104 • 103	17 18 20	78 78 70 83 76 79	2,738
Tennessee Texas Virginia West Virginia	4,299 12,830 5,135 1,859	63 78 66 37	6,201 6,341	84 97 99 85	935 960 1,023 1,044	100 101 104 115	14 20 17 12	72 68	1,859 2,512 2,217 2,156

NOTES:

a Excludes appropriations for law, nursing, pharmacy, social work, and allied health; includes medical school enrollment.

b Excludes appropriations for veterinary medicine.

c Represents average budgeted salaries for both full-time and part-time faculty.

SREB STATE PROFILES (Continued) 1977 and 1978

HIGHER EDUCATION FINANCES

Appropriations		Average Sal	aries—Public	Institutions	T	uition as a perce	nt of:	
			(000's)	<u> </u>		la de la companya de	* 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
Per FTE Student Public Other Four-year Institutions 1977-78 (10)	Percent of Total Current Funds Revenues 1975-76 (11)	Doctoral Granting 1977-78 (12)	Other Four-year 1977-78 (13)	Community Colleges 1977-78 (14)	Current Funds Revenues 1975-76 (15)	Per Capita Income Large Doctoral Institutions 1976 (16)	Per Capita Income Public Community Colleges 1976 (17)	
	44%				13.1%			United States
\$1,985	46	\$19.4	\$16.5	\$14.5	12.3	10.2%	3.8%	SREB States
1,677	41	19.	16.3	15.0	11.6	11.4	4.0	Alabama
1,907	46	19.5	15.4	13.5	10.4	8.1	4.5	Arkansas .
. 2,795	54	19.6	17.7	15.6	14.8	12.8	6.0	Florida
1,603	49	19.5 ;	15.5	13.7	15.2	12.0	5.7	Georgia
2,160	45	19.5	17.2	12.8	13.0 -	8.9	7.3	Kentucky
1,562	52	e 17.8	15.5	13.9	12.1	8.1	5.7	Louisiana
1,890	40	19.7	18.8	18.6	20.0	10.2	5.4	Maryland
1,744	40	18.2	15.4	12.4	, 12.2	14.7	5.5	Mississippi
2,265	48	21.1	16.5	12.6	10.1	9.2	2.2	North Carolina
1,982	51	18.8	15.8	11.5	10.5	12.9	4.9	South Carolina
1,862	43	18.5 ^c	16.4 ^C	13.5	14.8	9.2	4.4	Tennessee
2,409	48	19.6	17.5	15.7	8.0	5.7	2.7	Texas
1,545	1 39	20.0	16.2	` 14.1	15.3	11.0	4.7	Virginia
1,904	53	18.1	15.7	12.9	9.2	7.4	4.8	West Virginia

SREB STATE PROFILES (Continued) 1977 and 1978

EN	RO	LL	\mathbf{ME}	NT

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	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Total		Pu	blic	, Priv	rate	•. At. •	Percent	of Total	
	Fall 1977 (18)	Percent 1976-77 (19)	Change 1972-77 (20)	Percent 1976-77 (21)	Change 1972-77 (22)	Percent 1976-77 (23)	Change 1972-77 (24)	Private 1977 (25)	Two- year 1977 (26)	Graduate 1976 (27)	Part tim 197 (28
United States SREB States	11,415,020 2,929,310	2.6% 3.6	23% 31	2.2% 3.6	25% 35	4.1% 3.8	15% 13	22% 16	36% 33	10% 10	43 <i>9</i> 39
Alabama	162,308	3.9	37	2.3	37	15.3	34	14	27	10	31
Arkansas	71,255	5.6	32	. 5.6	35	5.6	17	14	17	8	29
Florida	364,509	.5.4	40	5.7	40	4.2	41	18	50	7	47
Georgia	173,708	2.4	23	1.1	21	8.3	31	19	25	13	34
Kentucky	131,515	2.1	22	1.2	22	6.3	. 21	18	·17 .	13	32
Louisiana	153,982	-0.3	15	0.5	15	1.0	11	14	10	11	26
Maryland	216,583	3.4	29	3.8	38	0.5	-9 .	13	40	10	50
Mississippi	98,420	0.7	23	0.4	23	3.7	20	11	35	9 .	23
North Carolina	257,198	3.5	30	3.7	37	2.8	9	21	39	8	33
South Carolina	125,245	3.0	34	3.8	42	0.1	9	21 ,	32	.10	31
Tennessee	188,344	3.9	28	4.3	32	2.4	15	23	21 ,	9	39
Texas	647,593	4.3	33	4.5	40	2.3	-1	12	37	10	41
Virginia	257,529	5.4	46	5.3	53	6.6	10	12	38	8	46
West Virginia	81,121	1.2	28	, 1.5	33	-0.9	1	13	16	- 14	41

SREB STATE PROFILES (Continued) 1977 and 1978

ar *	A STATE OF S		ACO	ESS AND P	ARTICIPAT	ION		*
	Percen Enro			Percent of 20	to 24 year ol	lds '	Ratio of Total	
Total Population Black 1975 (29)		Black Women 1976 1977		With high school graduation 1970 1977* (32) (33)		or more college 1977* (35)	Enrollment to 18 to 24 year olds 1976 (36)	
	11,5%	9.3% 48.	8% 79%	84%	37%	40%	.39	United States
	18.8	15.1 49.		79	33	36	.33	SREB States
ı	25.4	21.1 48	.7 69		29	, 	.29	Alabama
	16.9	15.1 49.	' 1	•	31		.26	Arkansas
	14.2	11.5 48.		, 82	36	37	.34	Florida
	26.1	18.3 48.	.4 69	76	30	35	.25	Georgia
	7.2	7.4 49	5 .		30 .	, .	.29	Kentucky
	29.8	23.3 49.			334		.30	Louisiana
	20.1	17.6 52.	1 '	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	36		.37	Maryland
	35.9	30.1 51.	0 66	١	34		.32	Mississippi
	21.9	19.148.	-	78	30	36	.32	North Carolina
	30.8	20.9	,	= .	27	ε	.30	South Carolina
	15.6	14.6 48.	.3 70		31		34	Tennessee
	12.5	9.8 46	.9 73	81	37 '	41	.36	Texas
	18.7	.14.7 52.	.4 74	82	34	41	.33	Virginia
	3.6	4.3 49	.5 72	JV	30	+ *	.38	West Virginia

Sample data from the U. S. Bureau of the Census (Current Population Reports, Series P-20, No. 314) includes estimates for only the 15 largest states.



Population and Economy (Columns 1-6)

Population figures are provisional estimates of resident population from the U.S. Bureau of the Census (Current Population Reports, Series P-25, No. 324). Data on personal income is from the U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis (Survey of Current Business, August, 1977). Figures are preliminary 1976 data. Estimates of 1977 personal income and a revision of 1976 figures can be found in the August, 1978 issue of the Survey of Current Business (not available at time of publication). State and local government expenditure data is taken from the U.S. Bureau of the Census (Governmental Finances in 1975-76, September, 1977); state and local revenue data is from SREB's annual publication on State and Local Revenue Potential (1976).

Higher Education Finances (Columns 7-17)

The summary statistics and indexes in this section were derived from several different sources. They represent the latest data available on higher education financing at the time of publication.

State Appropriations as a Percent of Tax Revenues and Per Capita (Columns 7 and 8)

Data collected by M. M. Chambers and published by the National Association of State Universities and Land Grant Colleges (NASULGC) is used in these two indexes. The Chambers data excludes appropriations for capital outlay and dollars which originate from sources other than state taxes (e.g., federal revenue sharing and tuition). The figures include appropriations for medical, dental and optometry programs, agricultural experiment stations and extension services, governing or coordinating boards and regional compacts (e.g., SREB). Funds for fringe benefits are also included. Data published by Chambers are often in preliminary form and subject to change. Some states update their appropriations figures; others do not.

State Appropriations Per FTE Student (Columns 9 and 10)

These measures are calculated from the SREB data exchange with state agencies for higher education. Appropriations figures used in these indexes differ significantly from the Chambers data—medical, dental, optometry and training hospitals are excluded, along with appropriations for community service, cooperative extension and agricultural experiment stations. Appropriations to statewide coordinating and governing boards and SREB are also excluded. Fringe benefits are included. As with Chambers, figures represent only appropriations from state tax dollars with the exception of Texas which includes federal revenue sharing dollars. Full-time-equivalent enrollment is also provided by the state higher education agencies through the SREB data exchange. Credit hours for credit-bearing courses are reported; FTE enrollment excludes correspondence, adult education, short courses, continuing education, and community service activities as well as enrollment in medical, dental and

optometry programs. When comparing appropriations per FTE student, users should remember that differences across states and types of institutions reflect not only varying levels of support, but differences in program mix and institutional missions. Differences may also be the product of non-recurring appropriations for special programs or circumstances.

Average Faculty Salaries (Columns 12-14)

Salary data are provided through the SREB data exchange and are reported according to the Higher Education General Information Survey (HEGIS) definitions. Averages are for full-time faculty on a 9-10 month basis.

State Appropriations and Tuition and Fees as a Percent of Current Funds Revenues (Columns 11 and 15)

These measures are calculated from data in the HEGIS Finance survey. They provide an estimate of the contribution of these two sources to the total current funds revenue of institutions (which includes all current dollars received by institutions including money from auxiliary enterprises).

Teltion as a Percent of Per Capita Income (Columns 16 and 17)

Tuition data is provided through the SREB data exchange and is expressed as a percentage of per capita personal income in order to relate the level of individual tuition to the ability of a state's residents to pay. "Large Doctoral Institutions" are those which grant more than 100 doctoral degrees annually; two-year institutions include community colleges and technical institutes, but exclude, in this measure, two-year branches of four-year institutions.

Enrollment (Columns 18-28)

Total college enrollment is taken from the HEGIS survey of fall enrollment. For 1977, it is a final fall head count of all students, both full-time and part-time. Students enrolled in non-credit courses are excluded. The measures of the structure and mix of enrollment (Columns 25-28) are also derived from total enrollment as reported in HEGIS.

Access and Participation (Columns 29-36)

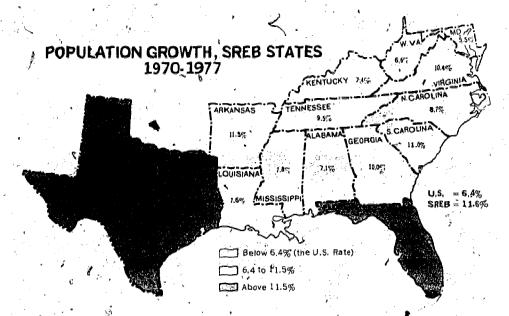
The measures in this section provide summary statistics, indexes and proxy measures of the participation rates in higher education for the population as a whole, and minority groups and women. Data on the black population of the states (Column 29) are taken from the U.S. Bureau of the Census Current Population Reports (Series P-23. No. 67). Enrollment data on black students (Column 30) are from the Fall Enrollment and Compliance Report 1976 of the HEGIS survey.

Educational attainment of young people is the subject of the measures in Columns 32-35. The use of the age bracket 20 to 24 for measuring the extent

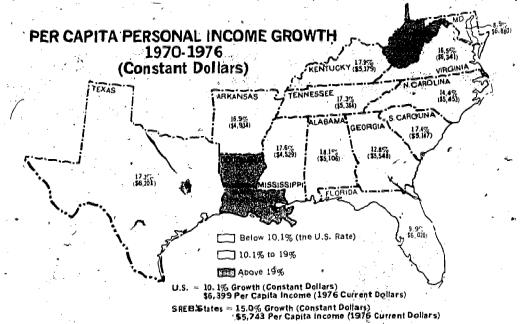
of high school completion allows for the inclusion of those who graduate late. The same age group is used for measuring the extent of college enrollment. In this case "participation" is measured by attainment of at least one year of college. Those 20 to 24 year-olds who have enrolled, but failed to complete the first year, are not counted. All of these measures are taken from data of the U.S. Bureau of the Census. The two included for 1977 (Columns 33 and 35) are taken from the sample data of the Current Population Survey (Series P-20, No. 314). Due to the size of the sample, estimates of educational attainment were made only for the 15 largest states in the U.S., which includes five in the SREB region.

The ratio of enrollment to population age 18 to 24 (Column 36) provides a proxy measure for participation of a state's college-age population in higher education. It is easily misunderstood and should be used with caution. The ratio represents a relationship between the state's college-age population (18 to 24) and the total enrollment of a state's collegiate institutions, which includes students outside the college-age population as well as students from outside the state. Because of these limitations, this ratio (which has been expressed in past Fact Books as a percentage) should not be confused with the actual level of enrollment of the 18 to 24 year-old population in higher education. Further, strict comparisons of the ratio across states would require that states have equal distributions of enrollment by age and comparable levels of out-of-state enrollment.

POPULATION AND ECONOMY



SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Current Population Reports, Series P-20, No. 324 (April, 1978).



SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, Survey of Current Business (August, 1977).

POPULATION AND ECONOMY Highlights

- Population in the South approached 66 million persons in 1977, as the result of a growth rate nearly twice the national rate since 1970. Population estimates for the decade of the 1980's project growth rates for the nation at 10 percent; for the South, 15 percent (see Table 1).
- College-age populations, expected to continue to increase for the remainder of the 1970's, will stabilize in the early 1980's and then decline by the end of the decade. Even when an expanded definition of college age is used (15 to 34 year-olds), this pattern of stabilization and then decline holds true. Half of the SREB states are expected to show declines in 15 to 34 year-olds during the 1980-85 period; and all but Florida are projected for stable or declining college-age populations by the end of the decade (see Table 4).
- Personal income in the South continues a long term trend of catch-up with the national average. Per capita income in SREB states was 86 percent of the national average in 1970, 90 percent in 1976. While personal income in the South has increased nearly 70 percent in current dollars since 1970, increases in constant dollars, which account for the effects of inflation, have been only 15 percent (see Table 2 and p. 9).
- State and local tax revenue relative to both population and personal income remained at lower levels in the South than for the nation in 1976. SREB states generated \$576 in tax revenue per capita compared to \$738 in the nation. These revenues were derived to a greater degree from sales taxes and a lesser degree from property and individual and corporate income taxes than was the national pattern (see Table 3).





TABLE 1

Total Resident Population, 1970, 1977;

Projections to 1980, 1985, 1990

		·. To	•	Percent	Change		
* .	Actual 1970	Estimated 1977	1980	Projections 1985	1990	1970-80	1980-90
United States	203,305	216,332	222,306	233,607	244,616	9.3	10.0
SREB States	58,948	65,765	68,993	74,378	79,293	17.0	14.9
South as a Percent		•		•		-	
of U.S.,	, 29.0	30.4	31.0	31.8	32.4		· ·
		*					
Alabama.	$3,\!444$	3,690	3,806	3,970	4,092	10.5	7.5
Arkansas	1,923	2,144	, 2,210	2,336	2,481	14.9	12,3
Florida	6,791	8,452	9,500	10,901	12,199	39.9	28.4
Georgia	4,588	5,048	5,224	5,561	5,890	- 13.9	12.7
Kentucky	3,221	3,458	3,537	3,750	3,927	9.8	11.0
Louisiana	3,645	3,921	4,002	4.181	4,301	9.8	7.5
Maryland	3,924	4,139	4,416	4,677	4,895	12.5	10.8
Mississippi	2,217	2,389	2,552	2,730	2,848	. 15.1	11.6
North Carolina	5,084	5,525	5,860	6,334	6,642	15.3	13.3
South Carolina	2,591	2,876	2,976	3,138	3,314	14.9	11.4
Doddi Caronita.	2,001	2,0,0	2,010	0,100	0,023	12,0	1.2.1°2
Tennessee	3,926	4,299	4,444	4,803	5,093	13,2	14.6 <i>)</i>
Texas	11,199	12,830	13,304	14,421	15,536	18.8	16.8
Virginia	74,651	5,135	5,297	5,685	6,141	13,9	15.9
West Virginia	1,744	1,859	1,865	1,891)	1,934	6.9	3.7

SOURCES: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census of the Population, 1970; Current Population Reports, Series P-20, No. 324 (Provisional estimates 1977). National Planning Association (NPA), Regional Projection Series, 1977.

TABLE 2
Per Capita Personal Income
1960, 1970, 1976

	1960	1970	1976	1960	Percent of U.S 1970	1976 ·	
United StatesSREB States	\$2,222	\$3,966 3,405	\$6,399 5,743	100	100 86	100	
Alabama	1,519 1,390	2,948 2,878 3,738	5,106 4,934 6,020	68 63 88	74 73 94	80 77 94	÷
Georgia Kentucky Louisiana Maryland	1,586 1,668	3,354 3,112 3,090 4,309	5,548 5,379 5,405 6,880	74 71 75 105	85 78 78 109	87 84 84 108	,
Mississippi North Carolina South Carolina	1,590	2,626 3,252 2,990	4,529 5,453 5,147	55 72 63	66 82 75	71 85 80	b
Tennessee Texas Virginia West Virginia	1,936	3,119 3,606 3,712 3,061	5,364 6,201 6,341 5,460	71 87 84 73	79 91 94 77	84 997 99 85	

NOTE: Personal income for 1977 was not available at time of publication. See Survey of Current Business (August, 1978) for update.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, Survey of Current Business, Vol. 57, No. 8 (August, 1977).



TABLE 3

State and Local Tax Revenues, Per Capita,
Per \$1,000 Personal Income and by Source, 1976

. , ,	Tax Reve	nue		Percen	Sources cage of Tota	of Taxes al Tax Col	lections	*
	Per P	Per 1,000 ersonal ncome	General Sales	Selective Sales	General Property	Indi- vidual Income	Corpo- rate Income	Other
United States	\$738 576	\$120 105	20.2 24.1	9.3 13.5	36.0 27.3	15.5 11.2	4.6 3.5	14. <u>5</u> 20.3
Alabama	469 461 578	96 • 94 99 .	30.0 24.8 25.7	19.9 10.9 , 17.1	$12.2 \\ 22.0 \\ 33.1$	14.1 15.2	3.5 5.8 3.7	20.1 21.4 20.3
Georgia Kentucky Louisiana Maryland	556 552 616 814	104 107 120	24.3 21.6 30.1 12.4	11.1 11.5 8.8 • 9.2	32.0 19.0 14.7 29.4	15.0 20.5 5.0 33.8	4.8. 7.1 3.7 3.2	12.8 20.3 37.7 12.0
Mississippi North Carolina South Carolina	495 538 500	114 104 103	36.5 20.1 26.2	9.4 12.7 12.3	22.1 24.2 23.1	9.0 20.5 17.2	3.5 5.3 (5.6	19.5 17.2 15.6
Tennessee Texas Virginia West Virginia	519 595 623 592	100 101 104 115	33.3 23.5 16.5 37,2	14.1 15.8 14.3 12.5	24.9 35.8 27.7 17.9	1.0 19.6 13.0	5.9 4.2 1.9	20.8 24.9 17.7 17.5

SOURCE: Kenneth E. Quindry and Niles Schoening, State and Local Revenue Potential, 1976 (Atlanta: Southern Regional Education Board, 1977).



TABLE 4

Population Aged 18-24, 1976;
Aged 15-34, 1975; Projections to 1980, 1985, 1990

(000's)

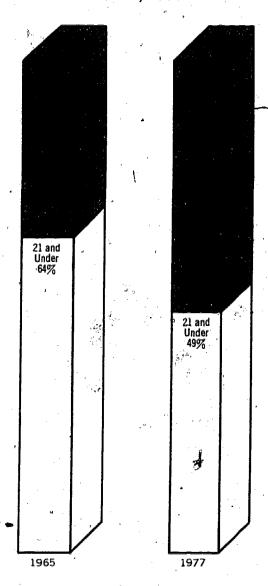
United States 28,055 70,735 77,241 77,933 75,403 +9.2 +0.9 -3 SREB States 8,613 21,414 23,722 24,358 24,294 +10.8 +2.7 -0 South as a Percent of U.S. 30.7 30.3 30.7 31.3 32.2 Alabama	•	*.					400	4	
United States 28,055 70,735 77,241 77,933 75,403 +9.2 +0.9 -3 SREB States 8,613 21,414 23,722 24,358 24,294 +10.8 +2.7 -0 South as a Percent of U.S. 30.7 30.3 30.7 31.3 32.2		1	, 15-34 Y	ear Olds	get. ⁽	Percent Change /15-34 Year Olds			
SREB States 8,613 21,414 23,722 24,358 24,294 +10.8 +2.7 -0 South as a Percent of U.S. 30.7 30.3 30.7 31.3 32.2 -3.9 -5 Alabama 470 1,210 1,294 1,243 1,172* +6.9 -3.9 -5 Arkansås 257 670 720 709 713 +7.5 -1.5 +0 Florida 1,020 2,485 3,015 3,447 3,754 +21.3 +14.3 +8 Georgia 672 1,702 1,840 1,865 1,854 +8.1 +1.4 -0 +4 +4.3 +8 +8.1 +1.4 -0 +8 +8.1 +1.4 -0 +8 -1.6 -3 +8 +8.1 +1.4 +0 -0 +8 -1.6 -3 +8 +1.4 +0 -1.6 -3 +1.4 +1.4 -0 -0 +1.4 +1.3 +1.4 -1.6			1975	. 1980	1985	1990	1975-80	1980-85	1985-90
SREB States 8,613 21,414 23,722 24,358 24,294 +10.8 +2.7 -0 South as a Percent of U.S. 30.7 30.3 30.7 31.3 32.2 Alabama 470 1,210 1,294 1,243 1,172° +6.9 -3.9 -5 Arkansås 257 670 720 709 713 +7.5 -1.5 +0 Florida 1,020 2,485 3,015 3,447 3,754 +21.3 +14.3 +8 Georgia 672 1,702 1,840 1,865 1,854 +8.1 +1.4 -0 Kentucky 445 1,130 1,207 1,188 1,148 +6.8 -1.6 -3 Louisiaria 522 1,317 1,452 1,446 1,354 +10.3 -0.4 -6 Maryland 563 1,404 1,587 1,652 1,595 +13.0 +4.1 -3 Mississippi 308 788 873 851 813 +10.8 -2.5 -4 North Caro	United States	28,055	70,735	77,241	77,933	75,403	+9.2	+0.9	-3.2
of U.S. 30.7 30.3 30.7 31.3 32.2 Alabama 470 1,210 1,294 1,243 1,172* +6.9 -3.9 -5 Arkansas 257 670 720 709 713 +7.5 -1.5 +0 Florida 1,020 2,485 3,015 3,447 3,754 +21.3 +14.3 +8 Georgia 672 1,702 1,840 1,865 1,854 +8.1 +1.4 -0 Kentucky 445 1,130 1,207 1,188 1,148 +6.8 -1.6 -3 Louisiaria 522 1,317 1,452 1,446 1,354 +10.3 -0.4 -6 Maryland 563 1,404 1,587 1,652 1,595 +13.0 +4.1 -3 Mississippi 308 788 873 851 813 +10.8 -2.5 -4 North Carolina 764 1,881 2,031			21,414	23,722	24,358	24,294	+10.8	+2.7	-0.3
Alabama 470 1,210 1,294 1,243 1,172" +6.9 -3.9 -5 Arkansas 237 670 720 709 713 +7.5 -1.5 +0 Florida 1,020 2,485 3,015 3,447 3,754 +21.3 +14.3 +8 Georgia 672 1,702 1,840 1,865 1,854 +8.1 +1.4 -0 Kentucky 445 1,130 1,207 1,188 1,148 +6.8 -1.6 -3 Louisiaria 522 1,317 1,452 1,446 1,354 +10.3 -0.4 -6 Maryland 563 1,404 1,587 1,652 1,595 +13.0 +4.1 -3 Niisaissippi 308 788 873 851 813 +10.8 -2.5 -4 North Carolina 764 1,881 2,031 2,055 1,996 +8.0 +1.2 -2 South Carolina 411 994 1,032 1,000 970 +3.8 -3.1 -3 Tennessee 532 1,390 1,509 1,540 1,525 +8.6 +2.1 -1 Texas 1,702 4,145 4,687 4,900 4,985 +13.1 +4.5 +1 Virginia 738 1,722 1,882 1,939 1,945 +9.3 +3.0 +0	South as a Percent '			_					
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Arkansas 257 670 720 709 713 +7.5 -1.5 +0 2,485 3,015 3,447 3,754 +21.3 +14.3 +8 4 4 5 1,130 1,207 1,188 1,148 +6.8 -1.6 -3 4 1,020 1,404 1,587 1,652 1,595 +13.0 +4.1 -3 4 1,81		1 450	1.010	1.004	* 040	1 170 9	160	2 0	-5.7
Florida 1,020 2,485 3,015 3,447 3,754 +21.3 +14.3 +8 Georgia 672 1,702 1,840 1,865 1,854 +8.1 +1.4 -0 Kentucky 445 1,130 1,207 1,188 1,148 +6.8 -1.6 -3 Louisiaria 522 1,317 1,452 1,446 1,354 +10.3 -0.4 -6 Maryland 563 1,404 1,587 1,652 1,595 +13.0 +4.1 -3 Mississippi 308 788 873 851 813 +10.8 -2.5 -4 North Carolina 764 1,881 2,031 2,055 1,996 +8.0 +1.2 -2 South Carolina 411 994 1,032 1,000 970 +3.8 -3.1 -3 Tennessee 532 1,390 1,509 1,540 1,525 +8.6 +2.1 -1 Texas 1,702 4,145 4,687 4,900 4,985 +13.1 +4.5 +1 Virginia 738 1,722 1,882 1,939 1,945 +9.3 +3.0 +0				'					+0.6
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Georgia 672 1,702 1,840 1,865 1,854 +8.1 +1.4 -0 Kentucky 445 1,130 1,207 1,188 1,148 +6.8 -1.6 -3 Louisiaria 522 1,317 1,452 1,446 1,354 +10.3 -0.4 -6 Maryland 563 1,404 1,587 1,652 1,595 +13.0 +4.1 -3 Mississippi 308 788 873 851 813 +10.8 -2.5 -4 North Carolina 764 1,881 2,031 2,055 1,996 +8.0 +1.2 -2 South Carolina 411 994 1,032 1,000 970 +3.8 -3.1 -3 Tennessee 532 1,390 1,509 1,540 1,525 +8.6 +2.1 -1 Texas 1,702 4,145 4,687 4,900 4,985 +13.1 +4.5 +1 Virginia		1,020	2,480	3,015	3,447	3,104	721.U	4 TE.U	+0.0
Kentucky 445 1,130 1,207 1,188 1,148 +6.8 -1.6 -3 Louisiana 522 1,317 1,452 1,446 1,354 +10.3 -0.4 -6 Maryland 563 1,404 1,587 1,652 1,595 +13.0 +4.1 -3 Mississippi 308 788 873 851 813 +10.8 -2.5 -4 North Carolina 764 1,881 2,031 2,055 1,996 +8.0 +1.2 -2 South Carolina 411 994 1,032 1,000 970 +3.8 -3.1 -3 Tennessee 532 1,390 1,509 1,540 1,525 +8.6 +2.1 -1 Texas 1,702 4,145 4,687 4,900 4,985 +13.1 +4.5 +1 Virginia 738 1,722 1,882 1,939 1,945 +9.3 +3.0 +0		672	1 702	1 840	1 865	1.854	+8.1	+1.4	-0.6
Louisiaria 522 1,317 1,452 1,446 1,354 +10.3 -0.4 -6 Maryland 563 1,404 1,587 1,652 1,595 +13.0 +4.1 -3 Mississippi 308 788 873 851 813 +10.8 -2.5 -4 North Carolina 764 1,881 2,031 2,055 1,996 +8.0 +1.2 -2 South Carolina 411 994 1,032 1,000 970 +3.8 -3.1 -3 Tennessees 532 1,390 1,509 1,540 1,525 +8.6 +2.1 -1 Texas 1,702 4,145 4,687 4,900 4,985 +13.1 +4.5 +1 Virginia 738 1,722 1,882 1,939 1,945 +9.3 +3.0 +0									-3.4
Maryland 563 1,404 1,587 1,652 1,595 +13.0 +4.1 -3 Mississippi 308 788 873 851 813 +10.8 -2.5 -4 North Carolina 764 1,881 2,031 2,055 1,996 +8.0 +1.2 -2 South Carolina 411 994 1,032 1,000 970 +3.8 -3.1 -3 Tennessees 532 1,390 1,509 1,540 1,525 +8.6 +2.1 -1 Texas 1,702 4,145 4,687 4,900 4,985 +13.1 +4.5 +1 Virginia 738 1,722 1,882 1,939 1,945 +9.3 +3.0 +0								-0.4	-6.4
Mississippi 308 788 873 851 813 +10.8 -2.5 -4 North Carolina 764 1.881 2.031 2.055 1.996 +8.0 +1.2 -2 South Carolina 411 994 1.032 1.000 970 +3.8 -3.1 -3 Tennessees 532 1.390 1.509 1.540 1.525 +8.6 +2.1 -1 Texas 1.702 4.145 4.687 4.900 4.985 +13.1 +4.5 +1 Virginia 738 1.722 1.882 1.939 1.945 +9.3 +3.0 +0				-	*		+13.0	+4.1	-3.5
North Carolina 764 1,881 2,031 2,055 1,996 +8.0 +1.2 -2 South Carolina 411 994 1,032 1,000 970 +3.8 -3.1 -3 Tennessees 532 1,390 1,509 1,540 1,525 +8.6 +2.1 -1 Texas 1,702 4,145 4,687 4,900 4,985 +13.1 +4.5 +1 Virginia 738 1,722 1,882 1,939 1,945 +9.3 +3.0 +0	A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR							ī	
North Carolina 764 1,881 2,031 2,055 1,996 +8.0 +1.2 -2 South Carolina 411 994 1,032 1,000 970 +3.8 -3.1 -3 Tennessees 532 1,390 1,509 1,540 1,525 +8.6 +2.1 -1 Texas 1,702 4,145 4,687 4,900 4,985 +13.1 +4.5 +1 Virginia 738 1,722 1,882 1,939 1,945 +9.3 +3.0 +0	Mississippi	308	788	873	851	813			-4.5
Tennessees 532 1,390 1,509 1,540 1,525 +8.6 +2.1 -1 Texas 1,702 4,145 4,687 4,900 4,985 +13.1 +4.5 +1 Virginia 738 1,722 1,882 1,939 1,945 +9.3 +3.0 +0		764	1,881	2,031	2,055				-2.9
Texas 1,702 4,145 4,687 4,900 4,985 +13.1 +4.5 +1 Virginia 738 1,722 1,882 1,939 1,945 +9.3 +3.0 +0	South Carolina	411	- 994	1,032	1,000	970	+3.8	-3.1	-3.0
Texas 1,702 4,145 4,687 4,900 4,985 +13.1 +4.5 +1 Virginia 738 1,722 1,882 1,939 1,945 +9.3 +3.0 +0	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e							101	1 0
Virginia 738 1,722 1,882 1,939 1,945 +9.3 +3.0 +0					•				-1.0
The Table 100 110 0									+1.7
West Virginia 209 577 593 523 472 +2.8 -11.8 -5									-9.8
	West Virginia	zi09	577	593	523	414	74.0	-11.0	- 5.0

- NOTE: U.S. includes 50 states and the District of Columbia.

SOURCES: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Current Population Reports, Series P-25, No. 626 (May, 1976). National Planning Association, Regional Economic Projections Series 77-R-1.

ENROLLMENT AND INSTITUTIONS

DISTRIBUTION OF TOTAL COLLEGE ENROLLMENT BY AGE 1965, 1977



SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Current Population Reports, Series P-20, No. 162 (March, 1967) and No. 321 (March, 1978).



ENROLLMENT AND INSTITUTIONS * Highlights

- Total college enrollment in the nation reached 11.4 million students in 1977 and surpassed 2.9 million students in the South. Enrollment in 1977 increased 3.6 percent in the South over the previous year, with the private sector growing at a slightly faster rate than the public (see Table 6 and p. 4).
- Two-year institutions continued to grow in importance, accounting for a full one-third of total enrollment in the South in 1977. The size of the two-year sector varied considerably among the SREB states, however, ranging from a high of 50 percent of total enrollment in Florida to a low of 10 percent in Louisiana (see Table 7).
- Graduate enrollment continues to encompass ever greater shares of total enrollment. While growth rates for graduate education nationwide slowed substantially in the 1970's (see Table 11), there has been little change in the South. Graduate enrollments increased by 30 percent nationwide from 1971 to 1976 (compared to 51 percent from 1966 to 1971) and 62 percent in SREB states (compared to 71 percent from 1966 to 1971).
- Part-time enrollment has also become a significant characteristic of enrollment during the 1970's. In the public sector, part-time students accounted for 43 percent of total enrollment nationwide in 1977, compared to 34 percent in 1971 (see Table 12). In the South, 38 percent of all students were enrolled part-time in 1977.
- Total black student enrollment nationwide surpassed 1 million students in 1976, accounting for 9 percent of total enrollment (see Table 14). Blacks are 11.5 percent of total population. In the South, the 426,000 black students enrolled represented 15 percent of total enrollment, compared to their 19 percent representation in the population. Black students, however, accounted for only 4.5 percent of first professional enrollments nationwide, (5.4 percent in the South) and 6 percent of graduate enrollments (10 percent in the South).
- Full-time black undergraduate enrollment (see Table 15) continued to grow at a faster rate than total enrollment, increasing nearly 40 percent in the South during the four-year period from 1972 to 1976. As black student enrollment increased during the period, the percentage of these students enrolled in the predominantly black institutions of the South decreased from 60 percent in 1972 to 50 percent in 1976.
- Measures of college participation and educational attainment are found in the state profiles section (p. 5). In 1977, 79 percent of the South's population, age 20 to 24, had completed high school, compared to 84 percent for the nation as a whole. Thirty-six percent had completed at least one year of college compared to 40 percent nationwide.



16'



TABLE 5

Number of Institutions of Postsecondary Education
By Type and Control
1976-77

Arkansas 29 20 9 10 6 10 3 Florida 73 42 31 9 28 33 3 Georgia 67 42 25 17 18 25 7 Kentucky 38 29 9 8 1 21 8 Louisiana 31 25 6 14 6 11 0 Maryland 52 33 19 13 17 20 2 Mississisppi 45 21 24 9 18 12 6 North Carolina 116 47 69 16 57 31 12 South Carolina 56 31 25 12 20 19 5 Tennessee 67 49 18 11 12 38 6 Texas 146 85 61 36 56 49 5		•			_			
State Four year Two year Pour year Two year Two year Two year Two year Year Two year Two year Two year Two year Two year Year Two year Year Two year Year Year Year Two year Y	****	All	Institution	ıs ;	Pu	blic	Priv	ate
SREB States 877 519 358 198 288 321 70 South as a Percent 26 U.S. 28.5 26.9 31.2 35.5 31.7 23.4 29.4 Alabama 56 31 25 16 20 15 5 Arkansas 29 20 9 10 6 10 3 Florida 73 42 31 9 28 33 3 Georgia 67 42 25 17 18 25 7 Kentucky 38 29 9 8 1 21 8 Louisiana 31 25 6 14 6 11 0 Maryland 52 33 19 13 17 20 2 Mississisppi 45 21 24 9 18 12 6 North Carolina 116 47 69 16 57 31 12 South Carolina 56 31 25 12 20 <th>State</th> <th>Total</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>Four-</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>	State	Total			Four-			
Alabama 56 31 25 16 20 15 5 Arkansas 29 20 9 10 6 10 3 Florida 73 42 31 9 28 33 3 Georgia 67 42 25 17 18 25 7 Kentucky 38 29 9 8 1 21 8 Louisiana 31 25 6 14 6 11 0 Maryland 52 33 19 13 17 20 2 Mississippi 45 21 24 9 18 12 6 North Carolina 116 47 69 16 57 31 12 South Carolina 56 31 25 12 20 19 5 Tennessee 67 49 18 11 12 38 6 Texas 146 85 61 36 56 49 5	SREB States							
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Florida 73 42 31 9 28" 33 3 Georgia 67 42 25 17 18 25 7 Kentucky 38 29 9 8 1 21 8 Louisiana 31 25 6 14 6 11 0 Maryland 52 33 19 13 17 20 2 Mississippi 45 21 24 9 18 12 6 North Carolina 116 47 69 16 57 31 12 South Carolina 56 31 25 12 20 19 5 Tennessee 67 49 18 11 12 38 6 Texas 146 85 61 36 56 49 5					I .			5
Kentucky 38 29 9 8 1 21 8 Louisiana 31 25 6 14 6 11 0 Maryland 52 33 19 13 17 20 2 Mississippi 45 21 24 9 18 12 6 North Carolina 116 47 69 16 57 31 12 South Carolina 56 31 25 12 20 19 5 Tennessee 67 49 18 11 12 38 6 Texas 146 85 61 36 56 49 5		9						
Louisiana 31 25 6 14 6 11 0 Maryland 52 33 19 13 17 20 2 Mississippi 45 21 24 9 18 12 6 North Carolina 116 47 69 16 57 31 12 South Carolina 56 31 25 12 20 19 5 Tennessee 67 49 18 11 12 38 6 Texas 146 85 61 36 56 49 5	- ·					, 18		7
Mississippi 45 21 24 9 18 12 6 North Carolina 116 47 69 16 57 31 12 South Carolina 56 31 25 12 20 19 5 Tennessee 67 49 18 11 12 38 6 Texas 146 85 61 36 56 49 5	Louisiana	31	25	- 6	14		11	0
North Carolina 116 47 69 16 57 31 12 South Carolina 56 31 25 12 20 19 5 Tennessee 67 49 18 11 12 38 6 Texas 146 85 61 36 56 49 5	Maryland						• .	<u> </u>
South Carolina 56 31 25 12 .20 19 5 Tennessee 67 49 18 11 12 38 6 Texas 146 85 61 36 56 49 5				-			!	* .
Texas		56	31	25	12	.20	19	5
							_	
West Virginia	Virginia	· 73	44	29	15	24	29	5

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, Education Directory, 1976-77.



TABLE 6

Total College Enrollment by Control of Institutions, 1977;
Percent Private, 1960, 1971, 1977

: State	Total	1977 Enrollm	Percent of Total Enrollment in Private Institutions			
otate *	Total	Public.	Private	1960	1971	1977
United States	11,415,020	8,907,591	2,507,429	40.8	24:1	22.0
SREB States	2,929,310	2,468,706	460,604	34.4	19.2	15.7
South as a Percent	2,020,010	£,400,100	****			9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
of U.S.	25.7	27.7	18.4		1.4	, , ,
01 0.5	,					
Alabama	162,308	139,797	22,511	26.6 ⁷	15.0	13.9
Arkansas	•		9,974	28.5 ~	15.7	14.0
Florida	364,509		63,947	38.9	18.6	17.5
1 torica	, , ,			E	. 4	*,*
Georgia	173,708	139,957	33,751	33.7	- 18.6	19.4 &
Kentucky	131,515	108,043	23,472	36.5	. 19.3	17.8
Louisiana	153,982	131,986	21,996	26.5	15.5	14.3
Maryland.	216,583	187,627		41.9	19.7	13.4
4	, with				200	- K
Mississippi	98,420	87,353	11,067	19.3	11.8	11.2
North Carolina	257,198	203,073	54,125	44.0	27.1	21.0
South Carolina	125,245	99,606	25,639	45.1	30.4	20.5
*					25.4	00.5
Tennessee	188,344	145,886	42,458	40.0	25.4	22.5
Texas		567,362	80,231	38.6	17.1	12.4
Virginia	257,529	225,709	31,820	31.4	17.5	12.4
West Virginia	81,121	70,464	10,657	26.4	18.2	13.1

NOTE: Enrollment is final headcount. United States includes 50 states, District of Columbia, U.S. Service Schools and outlying areas.

SOURCES: National Center for Education Statistics, "1977 Fall Enrollment in Higher Education - Final Count," memorandum dated May, 1978. Fall Enrollment, 1971. U.S. Office of Education, Fall Enrollment, 1960.



TABLE 7

Total Enrollment by Institutional Type and Control, Fall 1977;
Two-year Enrollment as a Percent of Total Enrollment, 1973, 1977

ů.	Pu	blic	Pri	vate	as a Pe Total Er	Enrollment reent of arollment
	Four-year	Two-year	Four-year	Two-year	1973	1977
United States	4,994,623	3,912,968	2,341,413	, 166,016	31.4	35.7
SREB States	1,536,148	932,558	422,337	38,267	28.0	33.1
South as a Percent	•	•				•
of U.S.	30.8	23.8	. 18:0	23.1		
_			**		'	
Alabama	100,072	39,725	18,474	4,037	26.7	27.0
Arkansas.	50,254	11,027	9,044	930	8.5	16.8
Florida	117,347	183,215	. 63,365	582	48.5	50.4
en e					tu e	
Georgia*	101,662	38,295	28,361	5,390	20.7	25.1
Kentuky.	90,531	17,512	18,996	4,476	13.4	16.7
Louisiana	116,525	15,461	21,996		6.2	10.0
Maryland	102,955	84,672	27,100	1,856	33.7	40.0
	,	, A				
Mississippi.	54,496	32,857	9,059	2,008	33.1	35.4
North Carolina . , , ,	111,363	91,710	45,761	8,364	32.9	38.9
South Carolina.	63,258	36,348	22,503	- 3,136	27.9	31.5
r. *· .						
Teknessee	108,550	37,336	⇒ 39,740	2,718	14.1	21.3
Texas	329,941	237,421	78,618	1,613	31.2	36.9
Virginia	130,273	95,436	30,420	ĩ, 4 00	29.4	37.6
West Virginia	58,921	11,543	8,900	1,757	12.8	16.4

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, Fall Enrollment in Higher Education, 1977, Fall Enrollment, 1973.



TABLE 8
Pull-Time-Equivalent Enrollment,
Public Institutions in SREB States
1977-78

•			·			
4 Ve	Total	Large Doctoral	Smaller Doctoral	Master's	Other Four-year	Two-year
SREB States	1,235,477	429,468	316,093	431,785	58,131	644,343
Alabama	85,627	33;374	12,522	38,764	967	42,090
Arkansas	39,779	12,325		22,981	4,473	6,580
Florida	84,418	40,763	19,961	23,694		137,574
Georgia	88,093	22,707	24,803	36,376	4,207	21,850
Kentucky	71,593	18,750	11,682	41,161	ia 	11,647
Louisiana	95,715	22,137	1 40,354	28,411	4,813	8,782
Maryland	76,023	44,174a		31,849		67,684
		\				20.00=
Mississippi	47,774		30,041	17,733		28,225
North Carolina	93,987	33,031	7,831	40,718	12,407	68,943
South Carolina.	50,260	17,618	10,671	16,269	5,702	32,630
Tennessee	86,374	26,117	39,832	20,425		22,993
Texas	262,485	102,789	87,959	71,737	4	137,341
Virginia	107,781	37,952	30,437	32,485	6,907	52,392
West Virginia	45,568	17,731		9,182	18,655	5,612

NOTE: Full-time-equivalent enrollments were calculated according to the following formulas:

 $\begin{array}{ll} Undergraduate \; Enrollment \; = \; \frac{Credit \; Hours}{15} \\ Graduate \; Enrollment \; = \; \frac{Credit \; Hours}{12} \\ \end{array}$

• Enrollment excludes correspondence, adult education, short courses, continuing education, and community service as well as medical, dental and optometry enrollment.

Large doctoral granting institutions award 100 or more doctoral degrees annually. Smaller doctoral institutions award fewer than 100.

Master's institutions grant the master's or first professional as the highest degree. Other four-year institutions grant the baccalaureate as the highest degree.

a Includes medical school enrollment.

SOURCE: SREB data exchange with state higher education agencies.



TABLE 9
Total Enrollment by Level, All Institutions
Fall, 1976

•	Total	Under- graduate	First Professional	Graduate /	Unclassified
United States	11,121,426	8,539,603	245,913	1,089,290	1,242,607
SREB States	2,826,437	2,251,956	58,304	272,251	241,800
South as a Percent of U.S.	. 25.4	26.4	23.7	25.0	,19,5
Alabama	156,173	131,363	2,915	16,099	5,796
Arkansas	67,453	56,546	1,464	5,454	3,989
Florida	345,743	284,869	4,990	24,965	30,919.
Georgia	169,643	132,938	4,462	21,347	10,890
Kentucky	128,866	103,968	4,068	16,292	2,578
Louisiana	154,386	127,307	5,135	16,585	5,359
Maryland	209,513	161,730	3,738	21,388	22,657
Mindadenia i	05.500	80,482	2,032	8,804	6,219
Mississippi North Carolina	97,703 248,480	204,269	4,439	3,804	20,631
South Carolina	121,544	102,291	1,891	12,459	4,903
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	141,014	102,231	. 1,001	14, 100	4,000
Tennessee	181,346	146,863	4,994	15,508	13,981
Texas	621,155	509,125	12,967	64,732	34,331
Virginia	244,276	151,856	4,129	18,544	69,747
West Virginia	80,156	58,349	1,080	10,933	9,794

NOTE: "Unclassified" includes students who are not candidates for degrees or other formal awards but are enrolled for credit courses.

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, Fall Enrollment, 1976, unpublished data.





TABLE 10

Campuses with Enrollment of over 26,000 Fall, 1976

University of Minnesota, Minneapolis-Saint Paul	63,885
Unio State University, Main Campus.	10,000
University of California, Los Angeles.	. 49,233
Michigan State University	47,796
University of Texas at Austin.	41,387
Pennsylvania State University, Main Campus	38,691
Miami-Dade Community College (Florida)	38,005
University of Wisconsin, Madison	. 37,914
University of Michigan, Ann Arbor	. 36,863
University of Maryland, College Park Campus	36,761
Temple University (Pennsylvania)	35,592
University of California (Berkeley)	. ∂∂,400
University of Washington	35,277
University of Illinois, Urbana Campus	34,996
Wayne State University (Michigan)	34,736
Arizona State University	34,366
University of Houston, Main Campus (Texas)	* 34,277
University of Cincinnati, Main Campus (Ohio)	33,959
California State University, Long Beach	33,316
Indiana University at Bloomington	32,921
Rutgers University, New Brunswick (New Jersey)	31,729
San Diego State University (California)	. 31,422
Long Reach City College (California)	31,065
Purdue University, Main Campus (Indiana)	30,422
San Jose State University (California)	30,012
New York University.	. 29,840
University of Tennessee, Knoxville.	29,711
University of Pittsburgh, Main Campus (Pennsylvania)	29,444
University of Arizona	28,841
California State University, Northridge	28,719
El Camino College (California)	28,454
University of Southern California	28,090
University of Florida	<i>27,</i> 838
Brigham Young University, Main Campus (Utah)	27,732
Teras A&M University, Main Campus	27,547
Northern Virginia Community College	26,557

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, Fall Enrollment, 1976, unpublished data.



Graduate Enrollment, 1976;
Percent Change, 1961-66, 1966-71, 1971-76;
Percent of Total Enrollment, 1971, 1976

	Graduate Enrollment 1976	1961-66	Percent Chang 1966-71	e 1971-76	Percent Enroll 1971	of Total ment 1976
United States	1.089.290	64	51	30	9.3	9.8
SREB States		93	71	62	7.9	9.6
Alabama	16,099	67	119	79	8.1	10.3
Arkansas.	5,454	120	40	79	5.7	8.1
Florida	24,965	146	40	72	5.8	7.2
		•		$\chi^{(k)} = H (\frac{1}{2} \frac{\lambda}{R_{k}} \frac{\lambda}{2})^{-1}$		
Georgia	21,347	125	' 136	53	10.2	12.6
Kentucky	16,292	41	106	82	8.5	12.6
Louisiana	16,585	114	47	30	9.8	10.7
Maryland	21,388	63	67	26	10.7	10.2
					The section	•
Mississippi	8,804	117 -	66	78	6.4	9.0
North Carolina	19,141	58	55	53	6.8	7.7
South Carolina	12,459	26	106	177	5.9	10.3
Tennessee	15,508	108	59	27	8.6	8.6
Texas	64,732	99	67	64	8.5	10.4
Virginia	18,544	127	82	75	6.5	7.6
West Virginia.	10,933	117	105	120	7.6	13.6

SOURCES: U.S. Office of Education, Students Enrolled for Advanced Degrees, Fall 1971, 1966 and 1961. National Center for Education Statistics, Fall Enrollment in Higher Education, 1971 and 1976.



TABLE 12

Part-time Enrollment as a Percent of Total Enrollment,
Public and Private Institutions, 1971, 1977;
Women as a Percent of Total Enrollment, 1966, 1977

		Part-time E	Women's Enrollment			
-	Public	c	Priv.	ate	All Inst	itutions
	1971	1977	1971	1977	1966	1977
United States	34.3	43.1	25.0	27.1	39.7	48.\$
	28.0	38.5	18.2	18.5	40.3	49.0
Alabama	25.1	30.9	11.9	17.1	39.4	48.7
Arkansas	14.0	28.8	9.8	10.0	40.1	49.9
Florida	33.3	46.9	22.6	21.8	39.7	48.8
Georgia	26.1	34.4	12.5	13.6	41.0	48.4
Kentucky	25.2	32.4	18.4	22.8	41.1	49.7
Louisiana	21.1	26.1	26.7	23.6	41.7	49.3
Maryland	40.1	49.9	42.9	38.7	38.4	52.6
Mississippi North Carolina South Carolina	16.8	22.8	20.2	29.3	43.0	51.0
	24.0	33.2	6.1	9.3	42.7	48.2
	19.5	31.0	10.7	13.5	41.9	47.0
Tennessee	27.6	38.7	6.9	10.1	39.2´	48.3
Texas	29.3	40.7	24.1	21.8	37.9	46.9
Virginia	35.6	46.0	13.3	12.5	45.1	52.4
West Virginia	23.3	41.1	18.2	23.1	41.0	49.5

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, Fall Enrollment in Higher Education, 1977; Fall Enrollment, 1971. U.S. Office of Education, Fall Enrollment, 1966.



TABLE 13

Medical School Enrollment; Interns and Residents;
State Residents Entering Medical School, 1976-77

	Enrollment			State Residents Entering Medical School*			
	Men	Women	Residents	Number	Per 100,000 Population	Per 1,000 Bachelor's Degrees Awarded	
United States	45,207	13,059	57,972	14,945	6.9	16.2	
	13,059	3,089	13,607	4,134	6.4	16.7	
of U.S.	28.9	23.7	23.5	27.7	e e es		
Alabama	. 637	135	529	257	7.0	18.0	
Arkansas	400	85	275	130	6.2	18.6	
Florida	1,028	219	1,465	421	5.0	16.0	
Georgia	936	196	930	285	5.7	17.0	
Kentucky	763	213	659	237	6.9	19.7	
Louisiana	1,260	256	636	365	9.5	22.7	
Maryland	945	254	1,830	348	8.4	21.4	
Mississippi North Carolina South Carolina	[₩] 459	104	304	165	7.0	17.1	
	1,110	'330	1,198	262	4.8	11.2	
	549	96	, 469	184	6.5	17.0	
Tennessee Texas: Virginia West Virginia	1,222	300	988	269	6.4	15.3	
	2,425	577	2,735	762	6.1	15.2	
	1,034	269	1,286	363	7.2	19.0	
	291	55	303	86	4.7	10.2	

NOTE: *Students attending anywhere in the U.S. for, whom origin is known.

SOURCE: Journal of the American Medical Association, December 26, 1977.



TABLE 14
Full-time Black Undergraduate Enrollment;
Percent in Predominantly Black Institutions
1972 and 1976

	Full-time Black Undergraduate Enrollment 1972 1976	Percent Increase	Percent Enroll Predominantly Institution 1972	Black
United States	457,908 605,557	- 32.2	37.4	34.7)
SREB States	207,758 289,040	39.1	60.2	50.3
South as a Percent				
of U.S.	44.7 47.7)	•
	17.436 25,120	44.1	77.4	61.5
Alabama	17,436 25,120 7,394 8,324	12.6	49.9	41.8
Arkansas Florida	15,668 24,412	55.8	39.7	25.6
. Profita			= · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	. •
Georgia	15,106 21,197	40.3	72.1	60.4
Kentucky	4,459 6,985	56.6	23.5	17.0
Louisiana	21,324 25,950	21.7	59.6	60.3
Maryland	14,160 19,444	37.9	62.4	60.0
*	10 H00 01 979	30.5	75.3	66.1
Mississippi	16,768 21,878 27,875 35,739	28.2	68.7	53.5
North Carolina	9,892 19,127	93.4	54.8	48.8
South Carolina	0,002 10,121			
Tennessee	13,147 18,864	43.5	58.6	52.6
Texas	26,986 39,267	45.5	46.0	34.3
Virginia	15,410 20,301	31.7	71.8	64.0
West Virginia	2,193 2,432	10.9		737 () * * * * <u>***</u>

NOTE: Predominantly black institutions are defined as those with over 50 percent black enrollment.

SOURCES: U.S. Office for Civil Rights, Racial and Ethnic Enrollment, 1972. National Center for Education Statistics, Higher Education General Information Survey (HEGIS), Fall Enrollment and Compliance Report, 1976, unpublished data.

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TABLE 15 (*)
Total Black Enrollment, Percentage by Level, 1976;
Percent Black Population, 1975

	Total	in the second		k Students age by Level	¹ ₩ 1 + <u>#</u>	Percent
4	Black Enrollment 1976	Under- graduate	, First Profes- sional	Graduate	Total	Black Population 1975
United States	1,034,680	. 10.2	4.5	6.0	9.3	11.5
SREB States	425,580	16.3	5.4	10.1	15.1	18.8
Alabama	33,001	22.3	7.7	17.2	21.1	25.4
Arkansas	10,181	16.5	4.5	8.8	15.1	16.9
Florida	39,898	12.2	3.3	8.3	11.5	14.2
Geofgia	30,965	19.2	7.5	14.5	18.3	26.1
Kentucky	9,564	8.4	2.2	* 3.9	7.4	7.2
Louisiana	35,943	25.3*	4.9	16.7	23.3	29.8
Maryland	36,959	19.4	6.4	11.0	17.6	20.1
Mississippi	29,367	31.4	4.5	25.3	30.1	35.9
North Carolina	47,392	20.8	7.9	11.4	19.1	21.9
South Carolina	25,416	23.3 ·	4.5	12.9	20.9	30.8
7	00.400		40.0	965	,	
Tennessee	26,429	15.5	12.7	9.3	14.6	15.6
Texas	61,147	10.6	3.5	6.3	9.8	12.5
Virginia	35,841	17.0	3.9	8.5	14.7	18.7
West Virginia	3,477	5.2	1.7	2.3	4.3	3.6.

SOURCES: National Center for Education Statistics, Fall Enrollment and Compliance Report, 1976, unpublished data. U.S. Bureau of the Census, Current Population Reports, Series P-23, No. 67 (February, 1978).



TABLE 16

Black Enrollment by Type of Institution,
Public and Private; Percent Black of Total Enrollment in Each Category
Fall, 1976

	Four-	Pub ear	lic Two-3	ear/	Four-year Two			-year	
	Number	Percent of Total	Number	Percent of Total	Number	Percent of Total	Number	Percent of Total	
United States SREB States	423,407 208,845	8.6 13.9	409,459 140,839	10.9 16.0	181,980 68,512	8.1 16.9	19,834 , 7,384	13.2 24.2	
South as a Percent of U.S	49.3		34.4	, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	37.6	تعن 'مین به د د	37.2		
Alabama	15,174	15.8	8,085	19.9	8,845	52.9	897	35.3	
Arkansas.	7,374	14.9	1, 27 0	14.7	1,312	15.5	225	29 .6	
Florida	11,193	10.0	21,879	12.7	6,815	11.2	11	1.9	
-C-aumin	14,946	, 15.1	6,666	17.0	8,945	32.1	408	12.4	
Georgia Kentucky	6,173	6.9	2,300	13.7	1/660	3.9	431	13.9	
Louisiana.	27,197	23.2	4,840	31.6	3,906	17.9	10		
Maryland	19,197	19.0	15,265	19.1	1,475		, 1,02 2 ·	63.8	
	1 = = = 0.0	00.0	0.051	25.2	2,504	, 27.7	1,103	75.0	
Mississippi	17,509	32.2	8,251	4	8,350	18.5	1,169	15.7	
North Carolina	20,095 8,709	$18.4 \\ 14.0$	17,778 9,853	20.5 2 9.3	6,129	34.0	725	22.0	
	13,165	12.3	6,798	20.6	6,110	15.3	356	20.4	
Tennessee.	27,735	8.6	25,360		7,641	10.0	411	24.9	
Texas	17,665	13.8	12,207	14.1	5,483	19.2	486	36.5	
Virginia West Virginia	2,713	4.8	287		337	3.7	140	8.6	

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, Fall Enrollment and Compliance Report, 1976, unpublished data.

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TABLE 17

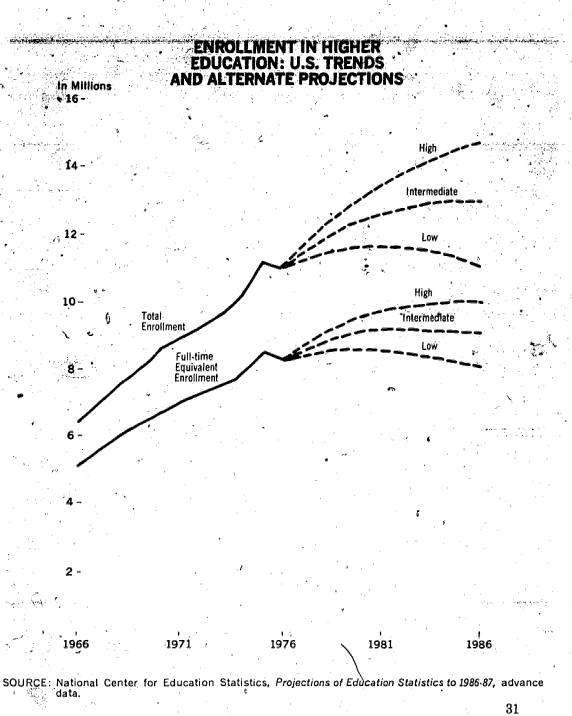
Large College and University Libraries in the South; Collections, Expenditures and Staff 1976-77

Institutions	Volumes Held	Total Expenditures (000's)	Professional Staff (FTE)
University of Texas at Austin		\$8,893	122
Duke University (North Carolina)	2,764,348	4,962	85
University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill.		5,692	83
University of Virginia		5,176	76
University of Georgia.		4,339	64
University of Florida		3,663	-69
Louisiana State University, Baton Rouge		3,207	54
University of Kentucky.		3,868	66
University of South Carolina		3,134	53.
Emory University (Georgia)		3,088	52
Southern Methodist University (Texas)		2,100	30
Joint University Libraries (Tennessee)	1,370,999	3,550	58
University of Tennessee, Knoxville		3,607	53
Tulane University (Louisiana)		2,116	40
University of Maryland, College Park		5,458	84
University of Miami (Florida)		2,898	48
Florida State University	1,211,874	2,225	58
University of Alabama	1,135,847	2,096	39
Texas A&M University		2,876	41
University of Houston (Texas)	1,090,659	3,028	41
Virginia Polytechnic Institute and	.,,	,,,,,,	
State University	1,000,710	. 3,863	53
Texas Tech University		2,352	40
Rice University (Texas)	954,237	1,730	26
Auburn University (Alabama)		2,486	$\frac{\overline{29}}{29}$
Georgia Institute of Technology.		1,762	30
West Virginia University	870,794	2,230	32
University of Arkansas		1,680	28
Baylor University (Texas)		1,301	22
Texas Christian University	794,534	1,004	21 '
North Carolina State University		1,217	28
University of Mississippi		1,323	2 5
Wake Forest University (North Carolina)		1,750	25

SOURCE: Statistics of Southern Colleges and University Libraries, 1976-77 (Baton Rouge: Louisiana State University Library, 1977).



ENROLLMENT PROJECTIONS





ENROLLMENT PROJECTIONS

The enrollment projections presented in Tables 18, 19 and 20 provide a range of projections based on different assumptions about participation in higher education during the next ten years. Each alternative is explicitly tied to the latest series of national projections produced by the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES). State and regional projections were developed by first calculating the individual state's share of national enrollment for the base year (1976), and then increasing or decreasing that share for the projected years (1981 and 1986) on the basis of projected changes in the 15 to 34 year-old population in the state (see Table 4). The projected "shares" of total enrollment were then applied to the three NCES national projections which made different assumptions about participation. Thus, a state's projected enrollment is the product of its historical share of total enrollment, its projected collegeage population, and three different assumptions about participation used in the national projection. For example, for the region to achieve the high projections for 1981 and 1986 found in Table 19, participation rates will have to increase in the region during the projected period at the same rate of increase as experienced nationally during the 1967-76 period. The same assumption applies to each of the states.

Highlights

The Low Alternative

Assuming No Change in Participation Rates (Table 18)

- Without increases in participation, total U.S. enrollment can expect to grow at a modest 1 percent per year rate during the 1976-81 period, and then decline at about the same rate during the 1981-86 period.
- Due to greater population growth in the South, regional patterns will follow the U.S. pattern, but with somewhat larger annual growth rates from 1976 to 1981 (1.5 percent per year) and a smaller degree of decline in the 1981-86 period (0.6 percent per year).

The High Alternative

Assuming Continuation of the 1967-76 Trends in Participation (Table 19)

• With participation rates following the 1967-76 trends through 1986, total U. S. enrollment can be expected to reach 14.8 million by 1986, a 34 percent increase over 1976 levels. Much of that increase, however, will be experienced during the 1970's as the decline in the size of the college-age population reduces growth to less than 2 percent per year in the 1980's—even assuming that participation will continue to increase at its historical rate.



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• The SREB region, under these assumptions, can expect to grow at a somewhat greater rate than the nation, due to the greater share of college-age population expected in the South. Annual growth rates would average 5 percent per year in the 1976-81 period and 2.3 percent per year in the 1981-86 period.

The Intermediate Alternative

Assuming Participation Rates at the Average of the Low and High Alternative (Table 20)

- Under this assumption, which implies a slowdown in the growth of participation, total U.S. enrollment will reach 12.6 million in 1981 and 12.9 million in 1986. Enrollment will grow at an average rate of about 3 percent per year from 1976 to 1981 and 0.5 percent per year during the first half of the 1980's.
- Enrollment in SREB states under the intermediate alternative will increase from its 1976 level of 2.8 million to 3.3 million in 1981 and 3.4 million in 1986. Under these assumptions of some increased participation, (albeit a lower rate than in the past), enrollments in the South will increase at an average of over 3 percent per year to 1981 and then at a rate of less than 1 percent per year to 1986.
- While projections of full-time-equivalent enrollment for SREB states have not been made, the NCES projection of FTE enrollment seen graphically on p. 31 shows a decline beginning in 1982, even under assumptions of some increase in participation. This is due to the past trends in participation which have remained relatively stable for traditional college-age men while increasing among women and older students, the latter of whom are more likely to be part-time students.

Projections of Total Enrollment to 1981 and 1986;

The Low Alternative: Assuming No Change in Participation Rates

Section 1	Actual 1976	Projec 1981	cted 1986	Percent C 1976-81	hange 1981-86
United States .*	11,012,137	11,646,000	11,040,000	+5.8	-5.2
SREB States.	2,826,437	3,043,000	2,945,000	+7.7	-3.2
South as a Percent	7	* *	. Adams		
of U.S	25.7	26.1	26.7		
				0.77	0.0
Alabama	156,173	162,000	147,000	+3.7	-9.3
Arkansas	67,453	70,000	66,000	+3.8	-5.7
Florida	345,745	408,000	436,000	+18.0	+6.9
A	169,643	178,000	171,000	+4.9	-3.9
Georgia		134,000	124,000	+4.0	-7.5
Kentucky	128,866		152,000	+6.2	-7.3
Louisiana	154,386	164,000			-3.1
Maryland	209,513	229,000	222,000	+9.3	-0.1
Mississippi	97,703	104,000	96,000	+6.4	-7.7
North Carolina	248,480	261,000	248,000	+5.0	-5.0
South Carolina.	121,544	122,000	112,000	+0.4	-8.2
	مئد ددد	# 400.000 h	104.000		4.0
Tennessee	181,346	192,000	184,000	+5.9	-4.2
Texas	621,155	680,000	670,000	+9.5	-1.5
Virginia	244,276	260,000	252,000	+6.4	-3.1
West Vinginia	80,156	79,000	65,000	-1.4	-17.7

NOTE: The low alternative assumes that the participation rates by age and sex for the national projection will remain constant at the averages of the 1975 and 1976 participation rates. (National Center for Education Statistics, Projections of Education Statistics to 1985-87, advance data.) State projections were calculated by assuming that each state's share of total enrollment would change by the projected change in the 15-34 year old population (See Table 4). These projected shares of enrollment were then applied to the NCES total projection. U.S. projections are for the 50 states and the District of Columbia.

SOURCES: National Center for Education Statistics, Projections of Education Statistics to 1986-87, advance data.
National Planning Association, Regional Economic Projection Series 77-R-1.



TABLE 1

Projections of Total Enrollment to 1981 and 1986;
The High Alternative: Assuming Continuation of Past Trends
in Participation Rates

	15				
	Actual 1976	1981	ected 1986	Percent 1976-81	Change 1981-86
United States	11,012,137	13,511,000	14,763,000	+22.7	+9.3
SREB States	2,826,437	3,530,000	3,939,000	+24.9	+11.6
South as a Percent	•			4	
of U.S	25.7	26.1	26.7	-	* **
					\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
Alabama	, 156,173	188,000	196,000	+20.4	-+4.3
Arkansas	67.453	81,000	89,000	+20.1	+9.9
Florida	345,745	473,000	583,000	+36.8	+23.3
Georgia	169,643	207,000	229,000	+22.0	+10.6
Kentucky	128,866	155,000	165,000	+20.3	+6.5
Louisiana	154,386	191,000	204,000	+23.7	+6.8
Maryland	209,513	266,000	297,000	+27.0	+11.7
Trial Jamille	200,010	200,000	201,000	T-21.0	T + 4-1
Mississippi	97,703	120,000	128,000	+22.8	+6.7
North Carolina	248,480	303,000	332,000	+21.9	+9.6
South Carolina	121,544	142,000	149,000	+16.8	+4.9
)	****	0.=000		1
Tennessee	181,346	223,000	•	+23.0	+10.8
Texas	621,155	789,000	896,000	+27.0	+13.6
Virginia	244,276	301,000	337,000	+23.2	+12.0
West Virginia	80,156	92,000	87,000	+14.8	-5.4

NOTE: The high alternative assumes that through 1986 the participation rates by age and sex of students for the national projection will follow the 1967 to 1976 trends. (NCES, Projections of Education Statistics to 1986-87, advance data.) State projections were calculated by assuming that each state's share of total enrollment would change by the projected change in the 15-34 year old population (See Table 4). The projected shares of enrollment were then applied to the NCES total projection. U.S. projections are for the 50 states and the District of Columbia.

SOURCES: National Center for Education Statistics, Projections of Education Statistics to 1986-87, advance data. National Planning Association, Regional Economic Projection Series 77-R-1.



TABLE 20

Projections of Total Enrollment to 1981 and 1986; The Intermediate Alternative: Assuming Participation Rates at the Average of the Low and High Alternative

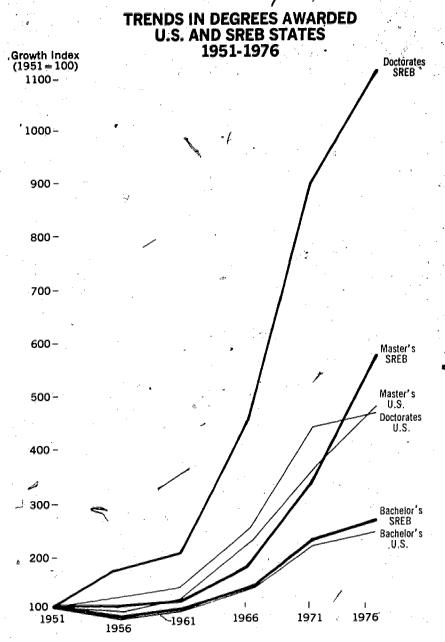
	Actual 1976	Proje 1981	Projected 1981 1986		Change 1981-86
United States		12,579,000	12,903,000	+14.2	+2.6
SREB States	2,826,437	3,288,000	3,441,000	+16.3	+4.7
South as a Percent of U.S	25.7	26.1	26.7		
Alabama	156,173	175,000	172,000	+12.1	-1.7
Arkansas		75,000	77,000	+11.2	+2.7
Florida		440,000	510,000	+27.3	+15.9
Georgia	169,643	192,000	200,000	+13.2	+4.2
Kentucky		145,000	145,000	+12.5	
Louisiana		177,000	178,000	+14.6	+0.6
Maryland		248,000	259,000	+18.4	+4.4
Mississippi	97,703	112,000	112,000	+14.6	
North Carolina	The second secon	282,000	290,000	+13.5	+2.8
South Carolina	,	132,000	130,000	+8.6	-1.5
rennessee	181,346	208,000	215,000	+14.7	+3.4
remessee rexas	202 4 5 5	735,000	783,000	+18.3	+6.5
Virginia		281,000	294,000	+15.0	+4.6
West Virginia	•	86,000	76,000	+7.3	-11.6

NOTE: The intermediate alternative assumes that the participation rates by age and sex of students for the national projection will equal the average of the rate for the low and high alternative projections. State projections were calculated by assuming that each state's share of total enrollment would change by the projected change in the 15-34 year old population (See Table 4). These projected shares of enrollment were then applied to the NCES total projection. U.S. projections are for the 50 states and the District of Columbia.

SOURCES: National Center for Education Statistics, Projections of Education Statistics to 1986-87, advance data. National Planning Association, Regional Economic Projections Series 77-R-1.



DEGREES



SOURCES: U.S. Office of Education, Earned Degrees Conferred, 1951; 1956; 1961; 1971. National Center for Education Statistics, Degrees Awarded Between July 1, 1975 and June 30, 1976, unpublished data.

DEGREES Highlights

- Measured in terms of percentage increase, the growth of first professional and master's degrees in the 1970's has been the most significant statistical change in the outcomes of higher education in the South during the decade. Master's degrees granted in 1975-76 increased 71 percent over their 1970-71 levels; first professional degrees, 62 percent. Master's and first professional degrees now account for more than one of every four degrees granted in senior institutions in the South. In 1966, only one of every seven degrees granted was at the master's or first professional level.
- As the graphic on p. 37 illustrates, the annual production of doctorates in the South has increased elevenfold over its 1951 levels, as compared to less than a fivefold increase nationwide. While doctoral degree production nationwide has stabilized in recent years, the South's production continues to increase. The growth rate in annual production during the 1970's has been nearly four times that of the nation (see Table 29).
- In 1975-76, for the first time, the Higher Education General Information Survey (HEGIS) on degrees awarded has collected data by race. Tables 24, 26, 28 and 30 include racial breakdowns. A few highlights:
 - 59,297 bachelor's degrees were granted to blacks nationwide in 1976; 24 percent of these were in the field of education (compared to 17 percent for all students); 2.3 percent in engineering (compared to 5 percent for all students).
 - Black students in the South represented 3.6 percent of all first professional degrees granted in dentistry; 5.4 percent in medicine; and 4.5 percent in law.
 - Of the 8,903 master's degrees awarded blacks in SREB states in 1975-76, 75 percent were awarded in the field of education (compared to 52 percent for all students earning the master's). Four percent of the black students earning a master's in the South did so in the field of business and management (compared to 10 percent for all students).
 - The doctorate was awarded to 320 black students in the SREB states in 1975-76, accounting for 4.3 percent of the doctorates awarded that year. Black graduates, however, represented 10 percent of all recipients of the doctorate in the field of education, and less than 2 percent of the graduates in the biological and social sciences (see Table 30).







TABLE 21
Associate Degrees and Other Awards Below the Baccalaureate,
By Type of Curriculum and Length
1974-75

	·	At Least 2 but Less than 4 Yea		At Leas Less than	st 1 but 1 2 Years	Percent Increase in	
	Arts/ Science or General	Science or Engineering Related	Business/ Commerce Public Service	Science or Engineering Related	Business/ Commerce Public Service	All Awards Below Baccalaureate	
	167,635	118,505	99,444	40,451	18,761	56.0	
SREB States	47,267	27,806	17,939	12,132	4,553	75.0	
South as a Percent	,	, -	•	,			
of U.S	28.2	23.5	18.0	30.0	24.3		
			• =	<u>.</u>			
Alabama	1,794	* 1,445	984	-108	65	104.2	
Arkansas	465	617	94	112	.34	102.0	
Florida	20,401	4,257	2,798	1,200	362	48.9	
Georgia	3,035	1,526	665	278	179	52.6	
Kentucky	1,144	1,355	620		129	101.7	
Louisiana	58	625	554	26	31	140.1	
Maryland	1,595	1,743	1,473	102	175	41.3	
Mississippi	2,439	1,354	378	1,194	532	34.0	
North Carolina	2,761	2,840	3,026	3,505	580	51.9	
South Carolina	1,071	2,080	1,331	1,555	533	132.3	
		/ هر		j	'	1	
Tennessee	1,396	1,523	643	87	75	111.2	
Texas	7,821	5,865	2,906	3,576	1,349	132.8	
Virginia	2 ,921	1,706	1,998	380	451	126.0	
West Virginia	366	870	469	9	58	71.0	

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, Associate Degrees and Other Formal Awards Below the Baccalaureale, Summary Data, 1974-75.







TABLE 22

Associate Degrees and Other Awards
Conferred Below the Baccalaureate,
By Program and Control of Institution
1974-75

		Public	; :		Private	
	Transfer Programs	Non- Transfer Programs	Percent Change All Programs 1971-75	Transfer Programs	Non- Transfer Programs	Percent Change All Programs 1971-75
United States	231,821	107,403	47.1	40,781	8,117	11.7
SREB States		32,370	67.7	8,6177	761	-6.1
South as a Percent					. \	· South
of U.S.	22.1	30.1		- 21.1	9.4	
Alabama	2,082	1,654	120.2	483	4	-11.3
Alabama	777	$\frac{1,001}{248}$	116.7	151	_	-31.4
Arkansas	20,557	5,829	45.0 ,	885	185	0.7
,	8 485	ó#a	EA O	855	23	-15.1
Georgia	3,475	873	50.2	407	25 87	$\frac{-10.1}{21.0}$
Kentucky	2,625		69.0	69		76.9
Louisiana	62 4	544	152.8	, 69		-69.0
Maryland		4,745	45.5		66	-05.0
~\.	, , o 550	1 107	90.4	232		-41.3
Mississippi	2,772	1,167	23.4		96	-41.5 -14.1
North Carolina	2,109	4,611	70.1	1,811	63	3.8
South Carolina	1,390	2,295	205.0	734	03	0.0
Tennessee	1,977	662	140.8	909	14	19.3
Texas	9,463	6,121	74.7	829	179	19.4
Virginia	2,425	3,255	143.7	917	28	-12.2.
West Virginia	988	366	112.6	335	16	9.5

NOTE: Includes only degrees and awards for curriculums of at least 2 but less than 4 years. For other associate degrees and awards, see Table 21.

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, Associate Degrees and Other Formal Awards Below the Baccalaureate, 1974-75.

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TABLE 23

Bachelor's Degrees Awarded by Sex; Public and Private Institutions 1975-76

	· <u>·</u>						
·	Public N	Ien Private	Women Public Private		Percent Change in Total Annual Degrees 1966-71 1971-76		
United States	343,718	161,207	291,443	129,378	61.5	10.2	
SREB States	103,789	31,564	88,207	2 7,988	68.1	17.1	
South as a Percent	ŕ						
of U.S	30.2	19.6	39.3	21.6	,		
Alabama	6,593	1,274	5,590	1,335	71.8	13.8	
Arkansas	2,931	783	2,515	730	50.0	-4.5	
Florida	11,271	4,502	9,108	2,659	100.2	31.8	
Georgia	7,289	1,637	5,848	2,017	82.1	11.1	
Kentucky	5,097	1,255	- 4,304	1,163	70.9	-5.1 .	
Louisiana	6,938	1,410	6,467	1,154	68.3	13.7	
Maryland	7,845	1,617	6,040	1,420	68.1	34.0	
Mississippi.	3,936	674	3,732	719	43.9	2.8	
North Carolina	8,042	4,183	7.431	3,804	52.9	18.0	
South Carolina	4,132	1,726	3,481	1,797	59.9	38.5	
Tennessee	6,750	3,007	5,347	2,703	63.2	7.4	
Texas	21,776	6,506	17,730	5,427	67.0	18.7	
Virginia	7,560	2,231	$\tilde{7},912$	2,366	74.8	36.0	
West Virginia	3,629	809	2,702	694	65. 9	-0.8	

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, Higher Education General Information Survey, Degrees and Other Formal Awards Conferred Between July 1, 1975; and June 30, 1976, unpublished data. Southern Regional Education Board, Degrees Awarded in the South, 1970-71. U.S. Office of Education, Earned Degrees Conferred, 1965-66.

TABLE 24

Bachelor's Degrees Awarded to Black Students;
Percentage in Selected Fields
1975-76

			, I	ercent of	Total Degr	ees in Field	'	
	Total Bache- lor's Degrees	Bio- logical Sciences	Business and Manage- ment	Educa- tion	Engi- neering	Health Profes- sions	Public Affairs	Social Sciences
United States	59,297	3.9	16.1	24.0	2.3	4.6	5.6	18.6
SREB States	28,945	4.0	18.8	30.5	2.1	4.3	4.8	16.8
South as a Percent of U.S.	48.8	: *						
Alabama	2,573	4.7	19.5	34.2	2.4	5.7	6.4	12.8
Arkansas	779	4.2	16.2	36.1	0.9	1.8	6.5	16.0
Florida	1,959	1.9	19.3	29.4	1.3	4.5	6.3	21.8
riorida	±,000	1.0						
Georgia	2,310	4.8	19.1	24.6	2.3	3.7	3.2	20.6
, Kentucky	515	3.7	13.0	26.8	0.8	3.9	9.7	18.4
Louisiana	3,797	2.5	21.8	30.5	3.2	5.6	6.3	9.5
Maryland	1,745	3.8	14.8	26.2	0.5	6.0	5.8	19.8
Mississippi	2,105	5.0	16.1	42.1	1.6	1.6	3.0	19.0
North Carolina	3,886	4.0	19.7	26.9	2.6	3.9	3.4	19.7
South Carolina	1,475	6.2	16.9	27.1	1.4	3.8	2.2	20.6
Manuara	1,794	6.2	17.5	25.1	2.6	2 .8	6.0	19.3
Tennessee	3,210	3.5		30.9	2.9	5.9	3.0	14.5
TexasVirginia	2,501	4.0	17.9	36.2	1.1	3.3	3.8	15.4
West Virginia	2,301	1.7	12.8	28.4	1.0	2.0	16.6	15.2
west viiginia		1.1	14.0	20.1				

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, Higher Education General Information Survey, Degrees and Other Formal Awards Conferred Between July 1, 1975 and June 30, 1976, unpublished data.





TABLE 25

First Professional Degrees Awarded by Sex;
Public and Private Institutions
1975-76

	M Public	en . Private	Wo Public	- omen Private	Percent Change in Total Annual Degree 1966-71 1971-		_
United States	21,569	31,323	4,197	5,560	21.5	65.1	7-5
SREB States	8,000	5,491	1,229	674	12.6	61.8	
South as a Percent	i						
of U.S	37.1	17.5	29.3	12.1			
#	:						
Alabama	445	217	39	26	23.2	71.1	
Arkansas	273	- 0	26	· O	2.0	45.1	
Florida	$551 \cdot$	623	123	83	29.8	107.2,	
Georgia	451 ,	622	79	109	12.9	.64.0	
Kentucky.	718	. 323	117	13	18.5	38.7	
Louisiana.	495	567	57	94	22.9	47.9	
Maryland	643	113	116	22	-19.3	48.5	
A second		t de	•	ě,			
Mississippi.	265	105	20	1	11.4	100.5	
North Carolina	440	648	94	80	5.0	71.2	:
South Carolina	440	38	55	1	90.4	92.1	
1							
Tennessee	680	522	98	73	15.6	58.2	
Texas	1,655	1,441	262	140	7.7	65.6	
Virginia	730	272	120	. 32	15.1	42.8	
West Virginia	214	0	23	0	26.9	28.8	•

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, Higher Education General Information Survey, Degrees and Other Formal Awards Conferred Belween July 1, 1975 and June 30, 1975, unpublished data.



TABLE 26 '

First Professional Degrees Awarded in Selected Fields; Percent Awarded to Black Students 1975-76

ef .	•							
<u> </u>	Dent	istry	Med	icine	La	ıw	All C	ther
**************************************	Total	Percent Black	Total	Percent Black	Total	Percent Black	Total	Percent Black
United States	5,478	3.3	13,487	5.2	32,483	4.7	11,046	2.6
SREB States	1,375	3.6	3,710	5.4	7,903	4.5	1,947	6.0
South as a Percent	-,		Í	, 18		•	-	1211
of U.S	25.1	*** *	2 7.5		24.3		17.6	
41-1	70	1.4	132	3.0	355	2.0	170	9.4
Alabama	.10		120	0.0	175	6.3	4	0
Arkansas	18	0	311	4.2	984	3.7	67	4.5
riorida	. 10	**	011	2				
Georgia	169	4.7	283	3.2	522	2.5	287	18.1
Kentucky	151	2.6	233	1.3	444	2.7	168	0.6
Louisiana	88	0	299	4.0	699	6.2	127	0.8
Maryland .	122	7.4	281	4.3	482	5.4	9	0
a to the stand	0		115	3.5	224	0.4	52	0
Mississippi North Carolina	83	0	327	6.4	614	13.5	238	8.0
South Carolina	51	0	161	2.5	277	3.2	43	4.7
South Caronna		v				* *** ***		
Tennessee	207 .	12.6	384	22.7	543	1.3	. 239	2.9
Texas	260	0	715	2.8	1,776	5.2	465	0.6
Virginia	104	1.9	268	2.6	704	2.3 $^{\circ}$	78	15.4
West Virginia	52	• 0	81	3.7	104	1.0 🕌	0	
				<u> </u>			- Ja	

NOTE: All Other includes optometry, osteopathic medicine, veterinary medicine, theology, and various "other" first professional programs.

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, Higher Education General Information Survey, Degrees and Other Formal Awards Conferred Between July 1, 1975 and June 30, 1976, unpublished data.

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TABLE 27

Master's Degrees Awarded by Sex;
Public and Private Institutions
1975-76

	Me Public	n Private	Women Public Private		Percent Change in Total Annual Degrees 1966-71 1971-76	
United States	105,650	61,598	100,648	43,875	64.0	35.3
SREB States	30,737	7,037	35,366	5,961	88.9	71.3
South as a Percent	ı	•				
of U.S	29.1	11.4	35.1	13.6	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
Alabama	2,681	117	3,210	108	87.3	138.8
Arkansas	842	36	720	42.7	40.6	38.4
Florida	3,014	1,250	3,079	884	120.4	123.5
Georgia	2,990	311	4,109	758	200.7	79.9
Kentucky	1,846	315	2,395	321	121.7	76.4
Louisiana	1,564	429	2,003	343	62.1	29.8
Maryland	1,374	1,109	1,858	1,038	116.1	65.8
Mississippi	1,170	146	1,730	253	86.5	99.2
North Carolina	2,209	355	2,222	171	42.2	44.0
South Carolina	1,360	133 *	2,135	109 -	98.2	242.2
Tennessee	2,149	329	2,332	500	55.4	64.1
Texas	5,951	`2,258	6,126	1,214	79.9	61.9
Virginia	2,434	249	2,381	220	136.3	66.5
West Virginia	1,153	0	1,066	. 0	27.6	75.4

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, Higher Education General Information Survey, Degrees and Other Formal Awards Conferred Between July 1, 1975 and June 30, 1976, unpublished data.

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TABLE 28

Master's Degrees Awarded to Black Students; Percentage in Selected Fields 1975-76

		e	- A.	· 45.			<u> </u>
•		F	ercent of 7	Cotal Degrees	Awarded Bl	acks by Fie	eld
	Total Master's Awarded Blacks	Business and Manage- ment	Educa- tion	Health Profes- sions	Library Science	Public Affairs	Social Sciences
United States	20,351	7.6	61.1	3.1	2.1	7.9	4.3
SREB States	8,903	3.9	75.3	- 1.8	2.2	4.8	3.6
of U.S	43.7			e Beren		· · · ·	• • •
Alabama	1,052	2.3	83.6	1.0	2.2	4.1	, રૂ 1.3 "
Arkansas	127	6.3	70.9	1.6	1 12 1	7.1	75.5
Florida	644	3.4	78.3	1.4	0.8	. 6.8	3.3
Georgia	1,230	6.8	64.3	2.3	5.2	7.6	6.7
Kentucky	140	2.1	70.7	1.4	-14	8.6	7.1
Louisiana	932	2.4	80.8	2.1	0.3	5.2	2.5
Maryland	672	6.5	72.8	3.0	3.0	5.7	3.1
Mississippi	735	3.1	83.3	0.5	1.8	0.7	. 3.4
North Carolina	583	5.0	69.0	2.4	3.6	3.1	2.9
South Carolina	520	1.2	77.7	2.7	2.5	3.1	3.1
Tennessee	605	1.8	70.7	0.8	1.7	5.5	4.8
Texas	1,144	5.0	75.6	1.3	1.7	3.8	3.1
Virginia	471	1.9	76.6	3.0	.0	3.6	4.0
West Virginia	48	10.4	54.2	.0	2.1	16.7	6.3

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, Higher Education General Information Survey, Degrees and Other Formal Awards Conferred Between July 1, 1975 and June 30, 1976, unpublished data.

TABLE 29

Doctorates Awarded by Sex; Public and Private Institutions 1975-76

	Me Public	n Private	Women Public Private		Percent Change in Total Annual Degrees 1966-71 1971-76	
United States. SREB States. South as a Percent	16,896 4,121	9,371 1,695	4,855 1,270	- 2,942 405	76.1 113.0	6.1 23.6
of U.S.	24.4	18.1	26.2	13.8		
Alabama	169	0.	57	0	150.0	-14.7
Arkansas	101	· . Ø .	19	.0 *	.78.5	3.4
Florida	509	570	184	148	108.3	101.0
Georgia	350	. ,77	95	46	154.7	24.6
Kentucky	138	80	41	.0	97.9	36.3
Louisiana	162	· 102	42	26	<i></i>	-15.1
Maryland	289	166	100	,57	78.6	10.9
Mississippi	235	0	45	0	309.1	24.4
North Carolina	405	176	115	38	72.1	1.5
South Carolina	147	10	50	0	160.4	65.6
Tennessee	2 31	203	. 99	52	84,7	20.9
Texas	914	253	298	37	92.9	10.6
Virginia,	$\overline{364}$	58	,111	1	128.2	43.5
West Virginia	107	P	14	0,	137.2	18.6

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, Higher Education General Information Survey, Degrees and Other Formal Awards Conferred Between July 1, 1975 and June 30, 1976, unpublished data.





TABLE 30

Doctoral Degrees Awarded in Selected Fields; Percent Awarded to Black Students 1975-76

	Biologica	l Sciences	Educ	ation	Social	Science	All C	Other
÷	Total	Percent Black	Total	Percent Black	Total	Percent Black	Total	Percent Black
TT 1 Observe	3,393	1.5	7,782	8.6	4,119	2.8	18,506	2.0
United States		1.7	2,275	10.5	684	1.6	3,644	1.6
SREB States	.757	1.7	2,210	₽ 10.5	00*	1.0	0,012	
South as a Percent	22.3		29.2	:	16.6	,	19.7	
of U.S.	44.0		20.2	i.	10.0	,		ŧ
Alabama	20	, 0	128	6.3	6	0	72	11.1
	13	0	38	13.2	9	~0 0	60	8.3
Arkansas Florida	83 83	0 .	733	14.1	76	2.6	519	2.9
riorida,	00	,		1-2	· .			
Georgia	52	7.7	176	18.8	58	3.4	282	2.8
Kentucky	14	0	26	0	26	0	127	0
Louisiana	44	. 0	47	23.4	, 27	3.7	214	0.5
Maryland .	62	1.6	145	5.5	99	0	306	3.6
Inter Ateritor					1			. 1
Mississippi	38	2.6	122	13.9	15	6.7	105	1.9
North Carolina	133	1.5	106	2.8	129	2.3	366	0.5
South Carolina		0	55	7.3	13	. 0 .	104	0
oodii odi oiiii.	4		, '		i .			
Tennessee.	49	6.1	154	8.4	51	0	331	1.5
Texas	140	0.7	342	5.3	122	0.8	843	1.3
Virginia		0	160	10.0	43	2.3	275	0.7
West Virginia	28	3.6	43	0	10	0 .	40	. 0

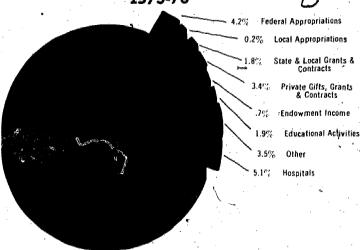
SQURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, Higher Education General Information Survey, Degrees and Other Formal Awards Conferred Between July 1, 1975 and June 30, 1976, unpublished data.



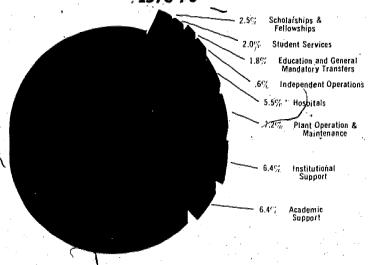


INSTITUTIONAL FINANCES

PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF CURRENT FUNDS REVENUES PUBLIC UNIVERSITIES IN THE SOUTH 1975-76



CURRENT FUNDS EXPENDITURES PUBLIC UNIVERSITIES IN THE SOUTH 1975-76



SOURCE: Current Funds Revenues and Expenditures in Public Institutions of Postsecondary Education, SREB States, 1975-76 (Atlanta: Southern Regional Education Board, 1978).

INSTITUTIONAL FINANCES

Highlights

- Operational appropriations to higher education from state tax funds surpassed \$15 billion in the United States in 1977-78 (see Table 31). SREB states appropriated \$4.6 billion, a 24 percent increase over levels two years earlier. Two-year increases ranged from a low of 11 percent in South Carolina to a high of 32 percent in Kentucky. (For other indexes of financial support see the state profiles on pp. 2 and 3.) Appropriations per capita in the SREB states (\$70) showed no significant difference compared with the U. S. rate (\$71).
- Appropriations per FTE student are presented in Table 32. In large public doctoral granting institutions (those which grant 100 or more doctoral degrees annually) they averaged \$2,434 for the region, with a range from a low of \$1,714 per FTE student in Louisiana to a high of \$2,819 in North Carolina. Appropriations per FTE student in other public four-year institutions were lower, averaging \$2,051 in smaller doctoral institutions, \$1,994 in four-year institutions with the master's or first professional degree as the highest offering; and \$1,919 in institutions with the bachelor's degree as the highest offering.
- Appropriations to higher education consumed a larger percentage of state tax funds in SREB states (16 percent) than in the nation as a whole (14 percent) in 1976 (see profiles p. 2). The percent of state tax funds consumed by higher education ranged from a high of 22 percent in Alabama to a low of 11 percent in Maryland.
- While state appropriations are the single largest contributor to the current funds available to public institutions, they nevertheless accounted for only 44 percent of the total nationwide (46 percent in the region) in 1976. Tuition and fees was the next largest contributor, at 13 percent (12 percent in the region). As for expenditures of current funds, instruction consumed 36 percent of current funds; research, 8 percent; and public service, 4 percent (see Tables 33 and 34).





TABLE 31

Appropriations of State Tax Funds for Operating Expenses of Higher Education 1967-68, 1975-76, 1977-78

19		Appropriations (000's)		Porcon	t Increase	Per Capita	
	1967-68	1975-76	1977-78	1976-78 1968-78		1977-78	
United States	\$4,431,538	\$12,739,488	\$15,326,980	20	246	- \$71	
SREB)States	1,153,027	3,744,780	4,634,724	24	302	70	
South as a Percent			-			:	
of U.S	26.0	29.4	30.2		• • •		
Alabama	58,192	272,819	310,974	14	434	84	
Arkansas	38,985	103,202	126,155	22	224	. # 59	
Florida	128,109	410,952	489,609	19	282	₹ 58	
Georgia	87,369	240,490	302,907	26	247	6 0	
Kentucky	64,643	171,675	227,090	32	₹ ⁻²⁵¹ -	CH 66	
Louisiana	93,123	198,996	259,177	30	178	G 66	
Maryland	67,700	207,451	266,050	28	293	64	
issippi.	36,720	149,363	186,579	25	408	# 78	
Carolina	106,550	368,754	460,932	25	333	20 83	
South Carolina	49,949	205,483	227,148	. 11	355	45 79	
Tennessee	64,472	176,001	230,585	31	258	2 54	
Texas	234,109	830,320	1,050,400	27	349	· 8	
Virginia	78,658	306,149	370,814	$\overline{21}$	371	72	
West Virginia	44,448	103,125	126,304	$\frac{1}{22}$	184	68	

NOTE: Appropriations exclude dollars for capital outlay and funds which originate from sources other than state tax funds. The figures include appropriations for medical, dental and optometry programs, agricultural experiment stations and extension services as well as sums appropriated to state scholarships and governing or coordinating boards. Funds for fringe benefits are also included. Data for some SREB states have been updated from that published by M. M. Chambers.

SOURCE: M. M. Chambers, Appropriations of State Tax Funds for Operating Expenses of Higher Education, 1977-78 (Washington, D. C.: National Association of State Universities and Land Grant Colleges, 1977)





TABLE 32

Appropriations Per Full-Time-Equivalent Student, Senior Institutions, By Level; Total Appropriations Two-year Institutions, SREB States 1977-78

* . * . *	· +-		<u> </u>	حنهنم		
•		Senior In	stitutions	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>	
	•	Appropriation	ns Per FT	E		Total
	Total Appropriations	Large Doctoral	Small Doctoral	Master's	Other Four- year	Appropriations Two-year Institutions
SREB States	\$2,664,432,810	\$2,434	\$2,051	\$1,994	\$1,919	\$819,448,036
Alabama	163,964,700	2,091	2,202	1,684	1,392	70,646,521
Arkansas	78,415,808	2,114		1,880	2,049	11,650,152
Florida	209,996,461	2,363	2,376	2,795		179,314,348
Georgia	196,453,638	3,042	2,513	1,597	1,657	29,501,357
Kentucky	153,742,591	2,228	1,975	2,160		12,345,700
Louisiana	147,616,873	1,714	1,432	1,571	1,511	12,030,871
Maryland	162,217,885a	2,3102		1,890		46,350,000
			. 6.	·		
Mississippi	84,273,879b		1,776b	1,744		24,700,000
North Carolina	232,199,787	2,819	2,394	2,165	2,594	81,306,846
South Carolina	119,292,278	2,721	2,605	2,103	1,638	33,621,845
Tennessee	160,626,705	1,822	1,883	1,862		33,910,477
Texas	651,935,436	2,740	. 2,245	2,409	4	201,855,711
Virginia	212,468,827	2,475	1,896	1,537	1,580	74,584,275
West Virginia	91,227,942	2,156	2,040	2,028	1,843	7,629,933

NOTE: Appropriations are based on complete 1977-78 year and thus include funds for all academic sessions except for community service and cooperative extension, experiment stations, medical, dental, optometry schools, and training hospitals. Enrollment is Fall, 1977 full-time-equivalent enrollment.

SOURCE: SREB data exchange with state higher education agencies.



a Does not include appropriations for law, nursing, pharmacy, social work, and allied health.

b Excludes appropriations for veterinary medicine.

TABLE 33

Current Funds Revenues; Percentage Distribution;

Public Institutions

1975-76

	Tuition	Appropriations		Grant Cont		Auxiliary Enter-		
	and - Fees	State	Local	Federal	Other	- Lnter- prises	Hospitals	Other
United States	. 13.1	43.7	5.3	10.6	4.0	10.8	5.1	6.7
SREB States	. 12.3	46.4	1.3	10.3	4.1	12.4	5.5	7.0
Alabama	11.6	41.3	.3	12.1	3.5	11.2	12.7	6.6
Arkansas	10.4	46.0	.2	11.1	5.1	13.9	6.7	5.5
Florida	14.8	54.4	0	10.7	3.7	9.7	2.8	3.1
Georgia	15.2	49.0	.9	11.4	5.4	10.6	2.9	3.9
Kentucky		45.4	.3	9.0	6.3	10.1	7.6	7.4
Louisiana		52.4	.1 .	7.9	4.0	18.9	0	3.9
Maryland	20.0	39.5	5.8	11.8	2.1	9.2	6.3	4.6
Mississippi	12.2	39.7	3.0	11.7	3.9	15.9	6.4	6.5
North Carolina		4 7.9	1.9	11.9	4.4	13.2	. 0	9.7
South Carolina	10.5	51.3	1.1	9.2	3.4	12.0	7.1	4.6
Tennessee	14.8	42.8	.2 ,	11.4	5.0	13.0	6.5	5.7
Texas		47.6	2.0	8.6	4.6	13.0	3.4	12.1
Virginia		. 38.8	0 ,	10.0	2.6	12.0	16.1	4.5
West Virginia		53.3	0 '	9.0	3.0	18.7	, 0	6.1

SOURCE: Southern Regional Education Board, Current Funds, Revenues and Expenditures in Public Institutions of Postsecondary Education, SREB States, 1975-76 (January, 1978).

Current Funds Expenditures; Percentagé Distribution;
Public Institutions
1975-76

	Instruc- tion	Research	Public Service	Educa- tion and General Support	Plant Opera- tion and Mainte- nance	Auxil- iary Enter- prises	Hospitals	Other
United States	36.5	8.3	4.0	19.4	8.1	10.8	6.1	6.1
SREB States	36.1	- 8.2	5.0	15.4	8.5	12.3	6.4	4.3
Alabama	32.6	8.9	6.5	15.4	6.6	11.9	13.9	3.7
Arkansas	31.4	7.3	8.2	16.5	6.7	15.1	7.7	6.4
Florida	39.1	8.2	1.7	25.7	8.4	9.8	3.9	2.6
Georgia	35.5	11.3	7.2	19.5	8.9	9.9	5.6	1.6
Kentucky	29.4	7.9	8.7	20.8	7.7	9.3	6.0	9.7
Louisiana	39.0	4.1	3.6	19.6	8.5	19.9	0	4.7
Maryland +	39.5	6.9	2.0	18.1	10.5	9.4	10.3	2.7
Mississippi	31.4	8.4	7.0	16.1	6.9	15.5	8.6	5.5
North Carolina	39.5	9.4	6.6	18.3	7.6	12.2	0	5.9
South Carolina	34.2	6.5	7.4	16.8	10.4	11.4	10.2	2.5
Tennessee	34.3	8.3	5.3	22.3	7.4	12.6	6.1	3.2
Texas	38.0	9.2	3.5	17.0	10.1	13.3	3.2	5.2
Virginia	33.8	7.1	5.3	14.1	7.0	11.5	17.5	3.1
West Virginia	35.9	7.1	6.1	17.1	9.9	18.1	0	5.2

SOURCE: Southern Regional Education Board, Current Funds, Revenues and Expenditures in Public Institutions of Postsecondary Education, SREB States, 1975-76 (January, 1978).





TABLE 35

Federal Obligations to Universities and Colleges by Agency
1974-75
(\$000's)

	Total	Dept. of Agriculture	Dept. of Defense	Dept. of H. E. W.	National Science ' Foundation	Other
TT-it-1 Chat					<u> </u>	
United States SREB States		\$290,738 121,052	\$190,462 36,064	\$3,177,761 826,001	\$490,513 66,179	\$367,132 74,917
South as a Percent		121,002	30,004	020,001	00,179	14,311
of U.S	24.9	41.6	18.9	26.0	- 13.5	20.4
, A l abama	82,808	$9,85\overline{4}$	1,029	66,732	2,531	2,662
Arkansas	29,671	7,057	113.	20,942	972	587
Florida	100,709		4,862	69,941	12,478	7,049
I loriua	100,100		1,002	, 00,0*1	12,710	1,040
Georgia	80,961	9,759	5,887	54,616	5,320	5,379
Kentucky	44,413	9,965	448	31,677	1,431	892
Louisiana	53,4 03	6,822	1,063	40,518	1,832	3,168
Maryland	109,887	4,365	3,082	83,280	9,160	10,000
Mississippi	47,549	9,117	339	34,820	1,507	1,766
North Carolina	132,289	13,126	2,004	102,639	7,163	7,357
South Carolina.	41,196	7,342	296	29,779	1,672	- 2,107
•			.*		**	
Tennessee	89,966	9,443	1,265	71,348	3,333	4,577
Texas	217,861	14,858	13,984	154,860	13,691	20,468
Virginia	70,459	8,624	1,567	48,614	4,587	7,067
West Virginia	23,041	4,341	. 125	16,235	502	1,838

SOURCE: National Science Foundation, Federal Support to Universities, Colleges and Selected Non-profit Institutions, Fiscal Year 1975, Appendix B, 1977.



TABLE 36

Federal Obligations of Colleges and Universities Receiving the Largest Amounts 1975-76

		19/5-/6		
-	Rank	University or College		al Obligation (000's)
_	11	All Universities and colleges	\$5,	,398,879
,		100 universities or colleges receiving largest amounts	. 3	,175,305
	1	Howard University (D.C.)		99,463
	2	University of Washington.		85,077
	3	Massachusetts Institute of Technology	a., .	79,580
	4	Stanford University (California)	, .	75,513
	5	University of California, Los Angeles	1	74,717
L	6	University of Minnesota		71,858
1	7	University of California, San Diego		70,821
	8	University of Wisconsin, Madison		68,462
	9	Harvard University		67,149
		University of California, Berkeley		66,682
	10			-0,
		Institutions in SREB States	•	50 540
•	14	Johns Hopkins University (Maryland)		58,740
	26	University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill.		37,330
	29	Duke University (North Carolina)	A	36,334
	31	Louisiana State University, All Campuses		34,876
	32	University of Alabama, Birmingham		32,880
	38	University of Miami (Florida)		28,805
	39	Torna A l-M I Iniversity		28,275
	40	University of Texas, Austin	. 45	28,079
:	41	University of Florida		27,830
	45	Iniversity of Kentucky		26,441
	48	Vanderbilt University (Tennessee)		25,106
	50	University of Tennessee, Knoxville		24,174
	51	University of Maryland, College Park		23,005
	57	Baylor College of Medicine (Texas)		21,415
	58	University of Virginia		21,269
ر مر	62	University of Georgia		20,215
*:	66	North Carolina State University, Raleigh		19,338
	69	University of Maryland, Baltimore		18,625
	71	Emory University (Georgia)		18,423
	77	University of Texas Health Science Center, Houston	•	17,111
	80	University of Texas Anderson Hospital and Tumor Institute		16,316
	83	Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University	• •	15,959
	85	University of Texas Health Science Center, Dallas		15,378
	89	University of Hauston (Texas)		14,714
	92	Mississippi State University		14,133
	94 95	Auburn University (Alabama)		13,850
	95 96	Georgia Institute of Technology		13,723

SOURCE: American Council on Education, Higher Education and National Affairs (June 16, 1978).



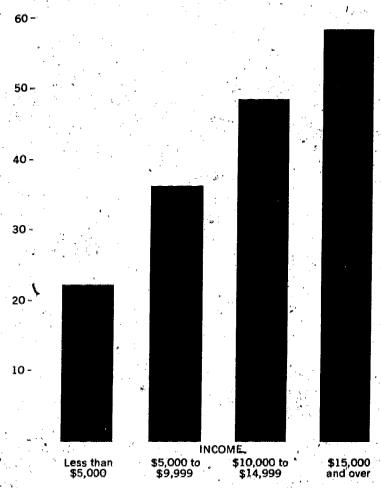




STUDENT FINANCES

COLLEGE ENROLLMENT RATES OF DEPENDENT FAMILY MEMBERS 18 TO 24 YEARS OLD BY FAMILY INCOME OCTOBER 1976 (in 1967 Dollars)

Percent 70 -



SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Current Population Reports, "School Enrollment—Social and Economic Characteristics of Students, October, 1976," Series P-20, No. 319 (February, 1978).

STUDENT FINANCES Highlights

- Tuition and fees for undergraduates in 1977-78 were highest in doctoral granting institutions, lowest in community colleges and technical institutes. The range of average tuition in large public doctoral granting institutions was from a low of \$425 per academic year in West Virginia to a high of \$805 in Maryland (see Table 27).
- Tuition relative to personal income is another way of analyzing costs and the student's ability to pay. The profiles on p. 3 show tuition and fees as a percentage of personal income. The SREB average in large public doctoral granting institutions was 10 percent, with a range from a low of 6 percent in Texas to a high of 15 percent in Mississippi.
- The data on federal financial aid programs displayed in Tables 38, 39 and 40 reveal the change which has occurred in these programs in the past several years. Institutionally based programs (National Direct Student Loans, College Work Study, Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants) continued to decrease, as funds awarded directly to students have increased. The Basic Educational Opportunity Grant Program (BEOG) first funded in 1973, now awards grants to students at all undergraduate levels. Grants in the South in 1976-77 totaled nearly \$436 million, awarded to 574,000 students.
- State financial aid programs showed substantial growth from 1976 to 1977, increasing by one-third in dollars awarded. Southern states paid out over \$56 million in grants to nearly 100,000 students. Despite this increase, the region accounted for only 7.5 percent of the dollars awarded through state aid programs nationwide. The average grant in SREB states in 1977-78 was \$562, compared to \$627 in the nation as a whole.





TABLE 37

Tuition and Required Fees for Resident Undergraduates at Public Institutions, SREB States

1977-78

	Large Doctoral	Smaller Doctoral	Master's	Other Four-year	Two-year Branches	Community and Technical Colleges
SREB States	\$639	\$660	\$563	\$494	\$354 :	\$300
Alabama Arkansas Florida	600 460 709	645 709	557 460 709	480 460	354	231 ^a 280 ^b 352
Georgia Kentucky Louisiana Maryland	740 678 440 805	740 、 642 386	580 596 416 768	580 384	244	424 409 310 413
Mississippi North Carolina South Carolina	541 • 732	675 580 830	563 533 635	507 612	630	260 139 306
Tennessee Texas ^c Virginia West Virginia	495 740 425	450 857	769 344	869 324	480 344	252 300 264

NOTE: See Table 8 for definitions of institutional classifications. Annual tuition includes two semesters or three quarters. State entries are mean tuition weighted by enrollment across each of the institutions in a group. Regional figures are median values of the individual weighted means of each state.

SOURCE: SREB data exchange with state higher education agencies.



a Data for junior colleges; fees for technical colleges are \$184.

b \$280 in-district; \$400 out-of-district.

C Data not available.

TABLE 38
Federal Financial Aid Programs, Amounts Allotted
1977-78

	National Di Student Lo	rect ans	Supplemental Ed Opportunity	ucational Frants	College W Study Prog	
	Amount	Percent Change 1976-78	Amount	Percent Change 1976-78	Amount	Percent Change 1976-78
United States SREB States	\$310,354,794 71,142,003	-2.4 -8.6	\$115,203,370 25,330,707	-51.3 -54.0	\$389,118,390 114,027,286	-5.7 -5.3
South as a Percent of U.S	22.9		22.0	، منظر	. 29.3	
Alabama Arkansas Florida	4,892,444 2,199,249 8,372,576	$5.1 \\ -7.2 \\ 0.7$	1,948, 2 96 437,717 2,517,123	-45.2 -68.5 -55.0	7,711,489 4,008,710 11,111,944	-12.1 -7.0 -5.3
Georgia Kentucky Louisiana Maryland	4,127,635 4,126,754 4,884,307 4,626,163	-26.3 -5.0 0.2 4.9	1,255,717 1,014,892 985, 2 11 2,586,926	-65.3 -60.8 -71.6 -35.9	8,602,839 6,470,295 8,681,863 5,808,008	2,3 -7,5 7,7 -6.1
Mississippi North Carolina South Carolina	3,313,707 7,255,328 2,013,792	$\begin{pmatrix} 0.1 \\ -2.0 \\ -37.6 \\ 0.3 \end{pmatrix}$	1,590,764 3;060,029 1,149,301 1,933,069	-48.8 -44.0 -53.5 -50.8	6,347,801 9,942,960 5,944,485 7,479,350	-5.3 -5.2 -3.9 -10.6
Tennessee Texas Virginia West Virginia	5,447,285 11,694,853 5,472,121 2,715,789	-26.1 -2.8 2.4	4,316,078 1,423,574 1,112,010	-57.5 -63.7 -35.8	20,860,684 7,757,660 3,299,198	-5.7 -6,7 -11.0

SOURCE: U.S. Office of Education, Bureau of Student Financial Assistance, memorandums to Congress, May, 1977.

TABLE 39

Basic Educational Opportunity Grants (BEOG):
Expenditures by Type of Institution
1976-77
(\$000's)

	Total	Public	Private	Proprietary	Unclassified
United States. SREB States.	\$1,463,852 435,907	\$975,811 309,568	\$362,292 97,780	\$119,345 27,639	\$6,404 920
South as a Percent of U.S.	29.8	31.7	27.0	23.2	_
Alabama	33,910	22,600	9,278	2,033	
Arkansas	, 15,232	11,899	2,819`	514	i * *
Florida	45,227	35,330	8,160	1,737	
Georgia	28,122	18,069	8,131	1,864	57
Kentucky	22,367	14,291	5,311	2,765	
Louisiana	32,593	25,454	3,617	3,097	425
Maryland	23,056	19,553	2,807	696	
Mississippi	29,585	24,723	4,168	695	
North Carolina	40,029	26,314	12,320	1,381	14
South Carolina	22,864	12,304	8,523	2,037	
Tennessee.	31,574	17,756	10,978	2,809	31
Texas	78,196	58,007	14,738	5,424	128
Virginia	23,964	16,753	5,104	. 1,862	265
West Virginia,	9,069	6,517	1,828	724	19.

NOTE: The 1976-77 academic year was the first year in which students at all undergraduate levels were eligible for BEOG grants and should be used as the base year for future comparative calculations. Expenditures in 1973-74, in which only freshmen were eligible for grants, totaled \$49,873,951.

SOURCE: U.S. Office of Education, Division of Basic Grants, unpublished data.





TABLE 40

Basic Educational Opportunity Grants (BEOG):
Total Recipients by Type of Institution
1976-77

	1.0				
	Total	Public	Private	Proprietary	Unclassified
United StatesSREB States	1,931,994 573,864	1,372,020 434,888	381,269 99,354	168,585 38,319	9,120 1,303
South as a Percent of U.S.	29.7	31.7	26.1	22.7	14.3
Alabama	44,825 20,023	33,147 •16,162	8,980 3,059	2,698 802	<i>F.</i> ★ 3 (4) <u>#</u>
Florida	59,8	49,195	8,441	2,183	
Georgia Kentucky	37,047 29,628	26,063 19,907	** 8,231 5,664	2,620 4,057	133
Louisiana	43,977 29,262	36,054 25,200	3,602 3,054	3,866 1,008	455
Mississippi,	36,581	31,843 37,675	3,904 12,062	834 1,876	24
North Carolina South Carolina	51,637, 28,074	17,524	7,855	2,695	
Tennessee Texas	39,407 111,751	24,252 87,353	11,464 15,835	3,628 8,364	63 199
Virginia West Virginia	30,201 11,632	21,944 8,569	5,138 2,065	2,690 998	429

NOTE: The 1976-77 academic year was the first year in which students at all undergraduate levels were eligible for BEOG grants and should be used as the base year for future comparative calculations. Recipients in 1973-74, in which only freshmen were eligible, totaled 185,249.

SOURCE: U.S. Office of Education, Division of Basic Grants, unpublished data.



TABLE 41
State Aid Programs to Students
1976-77 and 1977-78

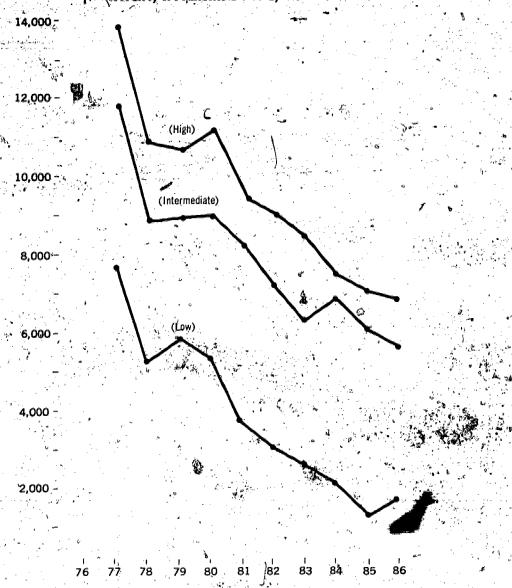
	• Tota - 1976-77	l Dollars Paid Out	Percent Change	Number of Students Receiving Grants 1977-78	Average Amount of Grant 1977-78
United States	\$651,404,000	\$746,013,000	14.5	-1,190;273	/ \$ 627
SREB States	42,102,000	56,107,000	33.3	99,826	562
South as a Percent of U.S	6.5	7,5		8.4	89.6
Alabama	470,000	541,000	15.1	2,292	236
Arkansas	246,000	650,000	164.2	2,282	285
*Florida'	6,922,000	8,290,000	19.8	7,802	1,063
ي المنتفي الم			to the K ill		
Georgia	1,781,000	2,807,000	57.6	8,000	351
Kentucky	2,444,000	3,514,000	43.8	9,172	384
Louisiana	558,000	559,000	0.2	1,500	373
Maryland	1,729,000	2,117,000	22.4	4,000	529
Mississippi *	711,000	1,044,000	46.8	2,088	500
North Carolina	1,571,000	2,580,000	64.2	5,000	516
South Carolina	7,716,000	8,948,000	16.0	7,000	1,278
Tennessee	1,447,000	3,050,000	, 110.8	4,700	649
Texas	12,459,000	16,820,000	35.0	32,040.	525
Virginia	1,738,000	2,488,000	43.2	9,000	276
West Virginia	2,310,000	2,699,000	16/8	4,950	5 4 5

SOURCE: The Chronicle of Higher Education, October 31, 1977.



FACULTY

DEMAND FOR NEW FACULTY IN THE SOUTH, PROJECTED TO 1986 HIGH, INTERMEDIATE, LOW SERIES



SOURCE: David S. Spence, "The Demand for New Faculty in the South, 1976-1986 in The Closing System of Academic Employment (Atlanta: Southern Regional Education Board, 1978).



FACULTY Highlights

- The percentage of faculty members hadding tenure in 1977-78 increased in both public and private institutions over 1975-76 levels, with the increase coming among women while levels of tenure among men remained stable (see Table 42 and the Fact Book on Higher Education in the South, 1975-76). Sixty-two percent of the male faculty members in public institutions held tenure; 45 percent of the women. Tenure levels in SREB states ranged from a low of 30 percent in Mississippi to a high of 67 percent in Florida:
- Salaries in SREB states for full-time faculty in public doctoral granting institutions averaged \$19,370 in 1977-78—a 17 percent increase over the All Ranks average in 1975-76. The All Ranks average in non-doctoral granting four-year institutions increased 14 percent in two years to its 1977-78 level of \$16,557. Average salaries in public community colleges and technical institutes—at \$14,509 in 1977-78—were also up 14 percent in the two-year period (see Tables 43, 44 and 45 and the Fact Book on Higher Education in the South, 1975-76).



66 •

TABLE 42

Faculty Members with Tenure;
Percentage by Sex and Institutional Control
1977-78

		Pu bli c			Private	
_	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women
United States	57.3	61.5	45.2	52.4	58.2	34.6
V		•		15.4		
Alabama	55. 5.	59.6	46.7	49.1	50.3	46.7
Arkansas	52.7	57.9	40.7	40.8	41.8	37.8
Florida	67.2	71.0	57.5	44.8	49.5	29.0
				· · A,	4	* -
Georgia	46.3	54.0	27.6	38.1	42.9	28.7
Kentucky	55.8	60.8	42:3	51.9	55.1	45.5
Louisiana,	56.4	60.8	47.0	40.7	43.3	32.9
Maryland	62.7	67.3	53,4	49.8	55.8	31.8
Mississippi	30.2	37.2	18.4	39.0	44,8	27.6
North Carolina	47.8	54.9	31.3	44.8	50.0	34.2
South Carolina	35.9	42.6	18.8	44.7	49.8	32.6
rennessee.	57.7	62.7	43.2	56.0	62,6	35.7
	49.4	55.7	33.5	49.0	54.4	34.6
rexas. Virginia	48.9	52.9	36.0	51.2	54.4 55.9	39.8
		•	i	31.2 46.5		
West Virginia	56.6	61.8	44.0	40.0	51.4	36.7

SOURCE: National Center for Education Statistics, prepublication release, dated April 15, 1978.



Average Salaries of Full-Time Faculty:
Public Doctoral Granting Institutions, SREB States
1977-78

						أرسيا المستحدية المراجعين
4	Professor	Associate Prolessor	Assistant Professor	Instructor	Undesig- nated Rank	All Ranks Average
SREB States	\$25,491	\$19,544	\$16,070	\$12,536	\$13,821	\$19,370
Alabama Arkansas Klorida	25,374 24,299 24,412	19,968 4 18,826 18,744	16,036 15,317 16,041	12,348 11,873 13,378	13,210 ,9,452 13,804	19,097 19,474 19,566
Georgia Kentucky Louisiana Magyland	25,075 25,149 23,337 27,489	19,391 19,159 18,736 20,321	15,961 15,653 15,745 16,794	12,953 13,021 12,498 12,812	17,027 10,517 13,227	19,485 19,530 17,798 19,656
Mississippi North Carolina South Carolina	23,392 28,373 24,953	18,393 20,541 19,847	15,112 16,595 15,578	11,170 13,077 12,404	14,789 13,247	18,231 21,069 18,813
Tennessee Texas Virginia West Virginia	23,758 25,875 27,995 23,481	18,741 19,946 20,755 18,367	15,577 16,322 16,435 15,018	11,817 12,674, 12,486 12,481	13,963	18,483 19,569 19,984 18,594

NOTE: Salaries are reported according to HEGIS definitions. Averages are for a 9-10 month basis. Texas includes both full-time and part-time faculty.

SOURCE: SREB data exchange with state higher education agencies.



TABLE 44 Average Salaries of Full-Time Faculty: Public Non-Doctoral Granting Four-year Institutions 1977-78

		Associate	Assistant		Undesig- nated	All Ranks
	Professor	Professor	Professor '	Instructor	Rank	Average
SREB States	\$21,391	\$17,759	\$15,003	\$12,391	\$12,774	\$16,557
Alabama	20,744	17,877	15,215	12,808	14, 114	16,306
Arkansas	19,571	16,926	14,375	11,797	12,346	15,420
Florida A.	23,193	18,442	15,609	12,764	4 5 6 19	17,717
Georgia	19,396	16,498	14,137	11,841	3,350	15,522
Kentucky	21,779	18,037	15,278		11,279	17,174
Louisiana	18,398	16.939	14;833	12,274		້າ 15,543 👙
Maryland	25,033	20,251	16,744	13,292	. 41,623	18,846
Mississippi	19,767	17, 135	14,445	12,248	r i e e	-15.480
North Carolina	21,288		14,930	12,573	13,047	16.480
South Carolina	21,411	17,068	14,392	11,477	9,366	15,700
			programme and the	od Net compa		· ·
Tennesse∈	21,784	17,375	14,412	∿1 1,8 51	***	16,351
Texas	22,890	1.9,21.9	154807	12,880		17,533
Virginia	20,935	$^{\circ}\!17,\!289$	14,557	12,054	1,1,823	16,215
West Virginia	19,978	16,615	14,614	12,025		15,899

NOTE: Salaries are reported according to HEGIS definitions. Averages are for \$2-10 month basis. Texas includes both full-time and part-time faculty.

SOURCE: SREB data exchange with state higher education agencies.







TABLE 45

Average Salaries of Full-Time Faculty: Public Community Colleges and Téchnical Institutes, SREB States

	1.	Associate	Assistant		Undesig- nated ,	All. Ranks
<i>i</i>	Professor	Professor	Professor	Instructor	Rank ·	Average
SREB States	\$21,388	\$17,247	\$14,210	\$13,193	\$14,199	\$14,509
Alabama				15,054		15,054
Arkansas			4		13,515	13,515
Florida			,		15,607	15,607
		ž	• 1			10.001
Georgia	17,277	15,564	13,472	11,941		13,661
Kentucky	16,558	13,890	12,133	11,318	,	12,764
Louisiana	18,495	16,164	13,864	11,918		13,884
Maryland	24,427	20,364	16,533	13,700	12,868	18,606
NATIONAL AND			en e		49. **	12,400
Mississippi	<i>f</i>	* * * *			12,644	12,644
North Carolina Samuel		****	And the same	. 11,491	11,449	11,482
South Carolina		* * *	1			W. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.
(M)	16,775	15,554	12 / 00	$\frac{e^{2}}{2}$ 12,080	t feet	13,471
Tennessee	,	: 10,00 4	10,140%			15,746
Texas	18,415	16,139	$13,797^{\frac{1}{4}}$	11.547	9,159	14,083
Virginia	18,165	16,066	14,021	11.552	Wales -	13,100 3
West Virginia	10,100	10,000	14,021		Andrew Co.	沙里在16 1

NOTE: Salaries are reported according to HEGIS definitions. Averages are less a 9-10 month basis. SOURCE: SREB data exchange with state higher education agencies.



AGENCIES RESPONSIBLE FOR COORDINATION OF POSTSECONDARY EDUCATION

This list includes for each state. (1) the state agency responsible for the coordination of collegiate institutions, including agencies responsible for community college systems where this function is a separate responsibility, and (2) the postsecondary education (1202) commission (*), in states where such a commission has been established.

Alabama

Dr. John F. Porter, Jr., Executive Director Commission on Higher Education* Suite 221, One Court Square Montgomery, Alabama 36104

Arkansas

Dr. M. Olin Cook, Director Arkansas Department of Higher Education* 1301 West Seventh Street Little Rock, Arkansas 72201 501-371-1441

Florida

Mr. Charles B. Reed, Director Florida Postsecondary Education Commission* Florida Department of Education Tallahassee, Florida 32304 904-488-7561

Dr. E.T. York, Jr., Chancellor Florida Board of Regents State University System of Florida 107 West Gaines Street, Suite 210 Tallahassee, Florida, 32304 904-488-4234

Dr. Lee Henderson, Director Division of Community Colleges Department of Education Tallahassee, Florida 32304 904-488-1721

Georgia

Dr. David M. Morgan, Staff Director Governor's Committee on Postsecondary Education* 66 Luckie St., N. W., Suite 808 Atlanta, Georgia 30303 404-656-2526

Dr. George L. Simpson, Jr., Chancellor & Board of Regents of the University System of Georgia 244 Washington Street, S. W. Atlanta, Georgia 30334 404-656-2204

Kentucky

Dr. Lyman Ginger, Executive Director Kentucky Commission for Postsecondary Education* Fort Boone Plaza Frankfort, Kentucky 40601 502-564-2100

Mr. Harry M. Snyder, Jr., Executive Director
Kentucky Council on Higher Education
West Frankfort Office Complex
U. S. 127, South
Frankfort, Kentucky 40601
502-564-3553

Louisiana

Dr. William Arceneaux, Commissioner Louisiana Board of Regents* Suite 1530, One American Place Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70825 504-342-4253



Maryland

Dr. Sheldon H. Knorr, Commissioner Maryland State Board for Higher Education* The Jeffrey Building 16 Francis Street Annapolis, Maryland 21401 301-269-2971

Mississippi

Dr. E. R. Jobe, Executive Director Postsecondary Education Planning Boards Suite 116, Universities Center 1855 Eastover Drive Jackson, Mississippi 39211 601-354-7523

Dr. E. E. Thrash, Executive Secretary and Director Board of Trustees of State Institutions of Higher Learning P. O. Box 2336 Jackson, Mississippi 39205 601-982-6611

Dr. George V. Moody, Director Division of Junior Colleges State Department of Education P. O. Box 771 Jackson, Mississippi 39205 601-354-6962

North Carolina

Mr. William C. Friday, President University of North Carolina P. O. Box 2688 Chapel Hill, North Carolina 27514 919-933-6981

Dr. Ben E. Fountain, State President Department of Community Colleges Education Building State Board of Education Raleigh, North Carolina 27611 919-733-7051

South Carolina

Dr. Howard R. Boozer, Executive Director South Carolina Commission on Higher Education* 1104 Rutledge Building 1429 Senate Street Columbia, South Carolina 29201 803-758-2407

Tennessee

Dr. G. Wayne Brown, Executive Director Tennessee Higher Education Commission 501 Union Building, Suite 300 Nashville, Tennessee 37219 615-741-3605

Texas

Dr. Kenneth H. Ashworth, Commissioner Coordinating Board, Texas College and University System* P. O. Box 12788—Capitol Station Austin, Texas 78711 512-475-4361

Virginia

Dr. Gordon K. Davies, Director
State Council of Higher Education
for Virginia*
700 Fidelity Building
9th and Main Streets
Richmond, Virginia 23219
804-786-2143

West Virginia

Dr. Ben L. Morton, Chancellor West Virginia Board of Regents* 950 Kanawha Boulevard, East Charleston, West Virginia 23501 304-348-2101

NOTE: *Serves as postsecondary education (1202) commission.

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